FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[OLD SERIES—VOL. L—NO. 2,560.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1884. [NEW SERIES—VOL. II.—NO. 70.

Lord's Day.

I think that all our days should be Lord's Days,
And sacred to His service. Do we need
Church-calling bells Godward our steps to lead?
Organs and choirs to stimulate our praise,
And well-read homilies our souls to raise
Above their week-long earthliness and greed?
Else what profit is it, if succeed
Some sweet day, employed in hallowed ways,
All spent in worldliness and sloth and pride?
Not three in such tinsel for the wear
Of the Great King! How shall our work abide
When He shall come like a consuming fire,
And dross shall melt beneath His sacred ire?
—*Caroline A. Mason, in the Century.*

LITERARY GOSSIP.

MRS. MARY BAYARD CLARKE, EDITOR.

[All books received during the week will be mentioned by name in the next succeeding issue, and if worthy of it, receive a longer notice after careful reading. They may be sent either by mail, in packages of a dozen by express, in which case they need not be pre-paid, and should always be addressed to Mrs. MARY BAYARD CLARKE, Newbern, N. C.]

THE ENTAILED HAT; OR, PATTY CANNON'S TIMES" a Romance. By George Alfred Townsend (Gath). 16mo. Cloth, $1.50. Harper & Brothers.

The title of this book and the motto, "Friends! trust not the heart of that man to whom old clothes are not venerable," from *Sartor Resartus*, led us to expect something uncommonly good; in the preface we are told that the author, visiting his native town of Snow Hill, on the peninsula between the Chesapeake and the Delaware, went into the Court House to look at the Will of one of his ancestors and found the following provision dated in 1800:

"I give and bequeath to my son, Ralph Millburn, my best hat, to him and his assignees forever, and no more of my estate." Everywhere he went, this stranger in the land of his forefathers, heard of this "entailed hat" and he started to portray it in a tale, which breaks from its intended confines of a romance founded on the rise of stolen society from the ruins of the colonial and revolutionary aristocracy in Maryland, Delaware and Eastern Virginia, and becomes a sort of Newgate calendar, detailing the crimes and deviltry of a band of kidnappers headed by "Patty Cannon" who kept a den in which the stolen negroes were confined till they could be run off to the South. Up to the twenty fifth chapter, when the first kidnapper is introduced, the story is well told, the character of "Meshack Millburn," the owner of the entailed hat, is well drawn; he alone of all his family had lifted himself out of the forest in which he was born and settled in the town, where, by silence, frugality, hard bargaining, and finally by money-lending, he had become a person of means. During this time he educates himself and determines to will, by his money, marry the daughter of the most prominent man in the place; how he succeeds, and his troubles in building a railroad, digging a canal, together with his morbid persistence in wearing his entailed hat, are all well told; it is only when the kidnapper comes in that the book sinks into the dime novel class and becomes even worse than Tourgee's "Toinette."

"MANNERS AND SOCIAL USAGES" By Ms. John Sherwood. Harper & Brothers. Harper's "Bazar," which is the best fashion paper in America, contains every week a column of questions asked and replied to, not only on the fashions in dress, but in social etiquette, particularly that of the table. It is with an effort to answer thousands of these questions, written in good faith to the "Bazar," that this book was prepared. Sometimes a question is simply answered in the column of "Answers to Correspondents," but there are from time to time articles on different subjects, such as "on introducing people," "the etiquette of mourning," "balls," "weddings," "letters and letter-writing," &c., &c. The readers of the "Bazar" will recognize, and be glad to have these papers in book form. Politeness is one thing, etiquette another. Persons born, as it were in the purple, that is with generations of ancestors behind them who were ladies and gentlemen, have an intuitive instinct which keeps them from straying very far outside the hedges of etiquette, even though living away from social centres where the law of change is ever in active operation; if such people, though recognized at once as ladies and gentlemen, grow rusty, not in politeness which is the same yesterday, to-day and to-morrow, but in etiquette which varies in different places and generations, and need to rub up and adapt themselves to the fashion of the age, how much more do those who have suddenly become rich, and do not know even the rudiments of etiquette, need a guide as to its niceties. Though we may smile at a person thinking it necessary to write and ask "if mashed potato must be eaten with a knife or a fork," such questions, however, show a desire in the askers to refine themselves. One of the most courtly and polished old gentlemen we ever knew, one who would have adorned any circle in the world, always used his knife to lift his food to his mouth, but reproved his children for doing so, saying it was the duty of young people to conform to the usages of the good society of the age in which they lived. He used to say to his daughters, "you would object to having your silk dress made in the same style as your grandmother's was, but you could not find a better quality of silk, so it is with manners, the courtly politeness of your grandparents you cannot improve upon, but the minutia of etiquette, which is ever changing and should be studied, as you study a new fashion in dress, as something not essential but becoming. Mrs. Sherwood takes the correct view of etiquette, laying sufficient but not too much stress upon its observance. In her novel, *A Transplanted Rose*, which appeared in "Harper's Bazar," and was republished by that house in book form, she paints the troubles of a young girl, a lady in all her instincts, who, though well educated in book lore, has been reared by her father in all the freedom of a Colorado ranch, and is utterly ignorant of the etiquette of New York society into which she is suddenly introduced. Had she studied *Manners and Social Usages in America*, as she did music or painting, simply as an accomplishment, she would have escaped much annoyance, as will any country girl or boy, however much true politeness they may have inherited or acquired.

The June number of *Harper's Magazine* begins the 69th volume of that periodical. What a library these volumes make. Well do we remember the first number, and never did we miss one till the war began. Leaving our home in Texas, and supposing, as everybody did that the war would not last six months and the South was bound to succeed, we stored our library in the Confederate Arsenal at San Antonio and came home to see the folks, when the U. S. troops retook the arsenal, the books, over a thousand volumes, were seized, and of course scattered to the winds. Strange to say one bound volume of *Harper's Magazine* wandered back by the hand of a private soldier, who stopped us one day in the street after the surrender of Raleigh saying "you do not remember me, Madam."

"No," where did I ever see you before?

"In your kitchen in San Antonio, where I used to go to see the Irish girl that nursed little Tom, and I have one of your books, with your name printed on the back that I got when we took the arsenal."

The book, which he politely said "was more mine than his," proved to be a bound volume of *Harper's Magazine* which he evidently hated to part with, and as we suspected that it was not, after its camp life, presentable in a lady's parlor, we graciously gave up all our right and title to it, enquiring how he had managed to carry so large a volume. It seemed he went into the hospital shortly after he got it and was sent home, taking it with him to read on the voyage, and had never parted with it. Talking of it, revived our old love for *Harper's*, smothered by the war, and we immediately sent for the last number and have had every one published since that date. It is needless to say after telling this story that we consider *Harper's Monthly* one of the best magazines of its kind published in America.

The Popular Science Monthly for June opens with an article from Herbert Spencer on *The sins of Legislators*, in which the kind of mental training and the kind of knowledge that the law maker should have, either to act upon social questions or to let them alone, are conclusively demonstrated. Professor William continues his papers on *The Chemistry of Cookery*, which every housekeeper ought to read; and this reminds us of another Cookery Book lately received, Walter Baker's *Chocolate Receipts*. A pretty little pamphlet of about 40 pages in which we are told how to make, not only chocolate as a beverage, but into pies, cakes, souffles, meringues, blanc-mange and ice cream. With it came a beautiful colored engraving of *La Belle Chocolatierre*, from the original painting by "Hotard," now in the Dresden Gallery. Dr. Bock of Leipsic says the nervousness and peevishness so prevalent in this age are chiefly owing to the use of tea and coffee: cocoa and chocolate are both more nourishing and less stimulating than either tea or coffee; when milk is abundant we know of nothing nicer than Baker's breakfast cocoa; it is indeed very good when made with water alone, and milk and sugar added as with tea or coffee. Few people realize the advantage of getting this cocoa in preference to other kinds, many prefering to get the sweetened brands, thus paying for the sugar at the rates of cocoa, whereas the breakfast cocoa, being pure cocoa which is higher in price and lighter in weight than sugar, can be sweetened either in the making or after it is brought to the table, and is much more economical than either the different brands of chocolate or of sweetened cocoa. When guilty of the sin of "peevishness" we hope we may always be punished with a cup of Baker's cocoa.

THE OXFORD ORPHAN ASYLUM.—Dr. B. F. Dixon, the new Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum, says the New Berne *Journal*, takes hold of the institution with an earnest zeal that we think will inspire the hearts of the charitably disposed persons with whom he may meet. The Asylum is to be formed somewhat into the character of an industrial school, and the boys receive training in the pursuits of agriculture, for which purpose a fine tract of land has been secured in accordance with the recommendation of the former Superintendent, J. H. Mills, Esq., while the girls will receive instructions in the use of the needle as well as all the duties of house keeping. These operations will in time aid materially in supporting the establishment, but of course as yet will yield but little in that way, and we must not withhold a dime from this important institution because of the fact that it is taking steps in the direction of self-support. The demands upon it for homes are numerous, there being at this time over seventy-five applicants awaiting admittance.

Episcopal Church Directory of East Carolina.

Rev. A. A. Watson, D. D., Bishop, Wilmington.
President of Convention, Rev. A. A. Watson, D. D.
Secretary of Convention, Rev. Nat. Harding, Washington.
Treasurer of Convention, A. J. DeRossett, M. D., Wilmington.
Historiographer, Mr. G. Burr, Wilmington.

STANDING COMMIETEE.

Rev. Jos. C. Huske, D. D., President, Fayetteville.
Rev. N. Collin Hughes, Chocowinity, Beaufort County, N. C.
Rev. Thos. M. Ambler, Wilmington.
Mr. John Hughes, Newbern.
Dr. A. J. DeRossett, Wilmington.

The Confederate Home.

A meeting in furtherance of a movement to establish a Home for disabled Confederate soldiers was held in the court house last night, with Gov. Vance in the chair. Upon taking the chair Governor Vance explained the object of the meeting and in a few well chosen and happy remarks commending the object, introduced Col. W. F. Beasley, who entered into the details of the plan of operation and gave an account of the proceedings of a meeting attended at New York at the St. James Hotel, looking to the building of a home for disabled Confederate soldiers at Richmond.

Col. Beasley closed his remarks by introducing the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the name of this association shall be the "Confederate Home Association of North Carolina."

Resolved, That the officers of the association shall be a president, secretary, treasurer, three trustees and fourteen directors to be selected as follows: one from each congressional district and five from the State at large.

Resolved, That the president, trustees and directors shall be elected annually, and the secretary and treasurer be appointed by the president.

Resolved, That the special duty of the president (besides his usual duties) shall be to raise the funds necessary for the erection of a Confederate Soldiers' Home in North Carolina and that he issue an address to the people of the State, asking their aid and co-operation, and devise and execute such other plans as, in his judgment, will most certainly accomplish the object we have in view.

Resolved, That the president be authorized to appoint from among the directors a committee of three which with the president shall constitute a business committee to authorize work the president may hesitate to perform without mores specific authority.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the trustees to receive from the treasurer at the end of each month all monies in his hands and to safely keep the same.

Resolved, That when a sufficient amount has been raised to justify the step the president, directors and trustees shall meet and select a site and plan and immediately commence the erection of the Home.

Resolved, That Joseph J. Davis, of Franklin county, J. M. Worth, of Randolph county, and Julian S. Carr, of Durham county, be and they are hereby elected trustees of the association with power to fill any vacancies that may occur in the body.

Resolved, That we earnestly request the transportation lines in the State to extend to the president and agents of this association such courtesies as may be required of them to facilitate the business of the association at the least possible expense.

Resolved, That we appeal to the press of the State to extend to us its invaluable aid in our labor in behalf of our old soldiers.

Resolved, That the annual meetings of this association shall hereafter be held at Raleigh, the capital of the State, on the 26th day of May.

Resolved, That the following old soldiers be, and they are hereby elected directors of the association for one year, and until their successors have been elected and qualified: Capt. Thomas J. Jarvis, Gen. Alfred M. Scales, Gen. Robert F. Hoke, Gen. Rufus Barringer and Capt. E. R. Stamps, directors at large; Lieut. Thos G. Skinner, First District; Capt. Elias Carr, Second District; Col. W. J. Green, Third District; Capt. Octavius Coke, Fourth District; Col. John A. Gilmer, Fifth District; Col. Z. B. Vance Sixth District; Col. R. F. Armfield, Seventh District; Maj. W. A. Graham, Eighth District; Capt. J. I. Robinson, Ninth District.

Resolved, That every Confederate soldier in the State be, and he is hereby made a member of this association.

Resolved, That special meetings may be called by the president on the request of a majority of the directors.

Gen. Rufus Barringer followed Col. Beasley, pledging his hearty co-operation to the measure, and endorsed it most earnestly. Col. Beasley then explained more fully the plan of raising the funds necessary to build the Home. Capt. S. B. Alexander called attention to the time provided for the annual meeting in the plan of organization, and offered an amendment, which was agreed to. The resolutions were then put to a vote by the chairman and adopted. Capt. S. B. Alexander then moved that we go into the election of officers. Dr. Geo. W. Graham moved that Col. W. F. Beasley be declared elected the president of this association. Carried, and the meeting adjourned.—*Charlotte Observer, May 20.*

THE MANNERS OF OUR GRANDFATHERS.—It is practically impossible to compare our manners with those of the last century. Our classes are now so merged and mixed that we cannot find a common basis for comparison, and further, the word "manners" has to us a different signification from what it had in our grandfather's day. So far as one can judge by the pictures left to us of the society of the time, a person of "fine manners" was one profuse in pretty speeches in the company of his equals, stiffly elegant and elaborate in the movements of his body, and inclined to coarseness in the operations of his mind. Away from their fine friends, and in their adventures "down town," Tom and Jerry, we fear, were not more considerate of the feelings and the comfort of others than much-maligned 'Arry of our day. We do not forget the Sir Charles Grandison type. He was doubtless a most worthy and respect-inspiring gentleman, but he must have been excessively tiresome to live with. Here we have the two extremes. The one who put on his "fine manners" along with his best peruke and his lace ruffles for fine company; the other who never put them off, and who, so to speak, went to bed in full uniform. If we have correctly apprehended the "fine manners" of the past, we do not regret that they are past. Manners should connote morals, and the morals of our time, we are satisfied, are superior to those of the time of the first gentleman of Europe.—*All the Year Round.*

CHARLES O'CONOR'S BEQUESTS.—Chas. O'Conor's will bequeaths to the New-York Law Institute all the bound volumes in his library marked "My Opinions" and all those marked "My Own Cases," $20,000 in money, and two silver testimonials; to Mrs. Elizabeth W. Johnson, Miss Gulielma Folger, Rose Brayton, and Miss Isabella Chaffin, $10,000 each; to the last named his house and lot in Nantucket; to Anna Rose $5,000. After a few minor bequests he divides the residue of his estate as follows: Two-thirds to his sister, Eliza Margaret Sloane, and the remaining third to Miss Pardon Mullany, and appoints Charles W. Sloane and Thomas O'Conor Sloane as Executors. In a codicil his nephew, Thomas Sloane, Jr., is bequeathed all of his historical, political, and religious works; Millie R. Lamberton is given all his law books in charge of Mr. Whitehead, of New-York; all papers having relation to Tennessee bondholders' claims are given to C. Armory Stevens; the papers concerning his doings in the matter of Jefferson Davis and those concerning his intercourse with Mrs. Forrest's affairs he desires to be carefully preserved.

Industrial North Carolina.

The Durham Cotton Factory.—The work of laying the brick on the new factory building, says the Durham *Reporter*, is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. The dimensions of the house when completed will be:—length 148 feet, 4 inches; width 74 feet 4 inches, and four stories high. The smoke stack will be built of stone and brick, 17 feet 10 inches at base, and 139 feet high.

Mining in Middle Carolina.—Mining in Randolph and Davidson is looking up a little, says the Salisbury *Watchman*. Hoover Hill is running 20 stamps day and night, and continues to pay well. In fact the mine is producing remarkably well, all things considered. Messrs. Westcott and Winchester are erecting a ten stamp mill at the Jones mine, near Asheboro, N. C. This property should not be confounded with the Jones, or Key Stone mine of Randolph county. The mill at this latter property is going regularly, and producing fair results. Mr. Jas. McCanless is working the Hunnycutt property at Gold Hill. He is working on a careful and economical scale, and is making the property pay him fairly for the outlay.

Carding, Spinning and Hatching in Lincoln.—Messrs. Phifer & Sumner proprietors of the Wool Carding and Spinning Mill, says the Lincolnton *Press*, have sold a one-third interest in that property to Mr. J. Larkin Kistler, who is interested in a factory in Caldwell county. The new firm has purchased all the necessary machinery and will at once begin the manufacture of jeans and woolen yarn of all colors. A large addition is being built to the present buildings in order to secure room for the new machinery and dye-vats. Capt. Jno. F. Speck, who is distinguished for his business enterprise, is now extensively engaged in packing eggs. By means of the methods he uses in putting them up, eggs can be kept fresh for years. In addition to the egg business, the Captain is engaged in rasing chickens on a large scale. The chickens are hatched by incubators.

Trucking in Duplin.—A gentleman who has recently visited the Westbrook truck farms, one located at Faison's and the other at Mt. Olive, on the W. & W. Railroad, says the Wilmington *Star*, was surprised at the amount of shipments made and the magnitude which the business of truck farming has attained, especially along the line of the road in question (between Wilmington and Goldsboro) during the past few years. He corrects a misapprehension into which we were led in a previous issue. This one firm has paid out for freightage on the products of the farm—principally strawberries—1,400, while still more has been paid out for the same products shipped from the other farm at Faison's. From one of the farms was shipped seventy-two crates in one day. Strawberry culture is assuming huge proportions in this section. A great many snap-beans are also being shipped from the Westbrook and other farms.

Industries of Wilmington.—The manufacturing and industrial establishments of Wilmington, says Major Hearne in the Raleigh *Register*, are two marine railways and ship yards; one dry dock; seven lumber and planing mills, cutting largely for foreign export; one rosin oil and 9 turpentine distilleries; two spirits turpentine and tar canning houses; three cotton compresses; one gypsum mill; one guano elevator; three rice and four grain and flour mills; gas and water works; three machine shops and foundries; four peanut cleaners and hullers; one tobacco and two cigar factories; eight newspaper and four job printing offices; four carriage factories; three ice houses; two fish and oyster packing houses, together with numerous other industries.

Wilmington Cotton Mills of 175 looms and 7,000 spindles manufacture 6,000 yards of print cloths per day.

The Navassa Guano Works have a capacity for making 15,000 tons of standard fertilizers a year, selling about twelve thousand tons annually at an average of $30; operating expenses $6,000 per month; with two large sulphurine air-chambers 100 by 140 feet, having capacity for twenty-five tons acid per day from sulphur imported from Sicily. The Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley will open up to them pyrites for acid, and the coal for their fuel. The large product of these works is distributed among the agricultural people of the interior, thousands of tons going up to the route of this railway.

The Acme Manufacturing Company has been established for the manufacture of fertilizers and for converting vegetable and woody plants, pine straw, &c., into fibres for upholstering and other purposes; extracting various oils, including the manuture of cotton seed oil and cake. Marl and phosphate beds lie contiguous to the works.

The shops of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad are the most complete and extensive in the Southern States. They manufacture their freight and passenger cars (turning out some years as many as two hundred), most of their machinery, &c.

The manufacturing establishments all operate by steam, and will draw their supplies of fuel from the coal fields along the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway.

Sir Bartle Frere, whose policy in Africa led to the Zulu war, is dead.

Crazy Patchwork!

HAVING a large assortment of remnants and pieces of handsome brocaded silks, satins and velvets, we are putting them up in assorted bundles and furnishing them for "Crazy Patchwork" Cushions, Mats, Tidies, &c., &c. PACKAGE NO. 1—Is a handsome bundle of exquisite silks, satins and brocaded velvets (all different:) *Just the thing* for the most *superb pattern of fancy work.* Sent postpaid for 56 cents in postal note or 1 cent stamps. PACKAGE NO. 2—Containing three times as much as package No. 1. Sent postpaid for $1.00. These are all of the *very finest quality* and cannot be equalled at any other silk works in the U. S. *at three times our prices.* They will please any lady. One order always brings a dozen more. LADIES' MANUAL OF FANCY WORK, with 400 illustrations and full instructions for artistic fancy work, handsomely bound, postpaid, 50 cents. *Order now.* Address, THE ROCHESTER SILK CO., Rochester, N. Y.
May 15, 1884. 67-8t

HOES of all sorts.
RAKES, SHOVELS, SPADES and PITCH FORKS.
H. H. H.

I Am Receiving Daily

Fresh Supplies of Heavy and Fancy Groceries of the best brands.

FLOUR from the celebrated Gambrill Mills.
Sugars, Teas, Coffees of the best quality, including the fine Peabury Coffee.
Bacon, Lard, Fish, Butter, Molasses and Syrup.
Canned Goods, Candies—French and Plain.
Fruits—Foreign and Domestic.
Vegetables of all kinds.
Toilet and Laundry Soaps.
Wood and Willow-ware, Crockery and Tinware, Cutlery.
Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes, all of the finest brands. A fine Chromo with each pound of Lorillard's Smoking Tobacco.
Also, all Goods found in a first-class Grocery Store. A. GARRASON.
Feb'y 27, 1884. 56tf

Chipped Beef

At A. S. HUSKE & CO'S.

NOTICE.

WE ADVISE those in want of BRICKS, to have their orders booked early or they may fail to get them when they want. We are now burning a kiln, and will be ready to fill orders for a limited quantity by the 25th inst. Our prices for lots of fifty thousand or more on the yard is seven dollars per thousand for hard brick, in smaller lots, eight dollars. These prices are low for the quality of brick we make.
Thanking our friends for the very liberal patronage they have already given us, we hope to merit a continuance of the same. Orders left with McMillan Brothers will meet with prompt attention.
TOLAR & POE.
April 16, 1884. 62-3mpd

LOUGEE & GOODWIN,

(Successors to I. W. Durham.)
417 and 419 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Marble & Granite Monuments, Tablets, Headstones, &c.
Contracts taken for every description of Stone and Cemetery work, Iron Fencing, &c.
Write for prices and designs, or call on JAMES M. LAMB, Fayetteville, N. C., our Agent.
April 9, 1884. 62-6m

150 Hhds. Molasses.

WE OFFER THIS LOT OF EXTRA PRIME Porto Rico Molasses at low prices, in Bbls. or Hhds.
EDWARD KIDDER & SON.
Wilmington, N. C., March 27. 61-tf

To Merchants and others in Want of Scales.

I HAVE a full stock on hand of FAIRBANKS SCALES and other makes which I will sell at factory prices and will divide discount.
WALTER WATSON.
Feb'y 6, 1884. 53tf

PINE ISLAND GUANO.

Is the most uniformly high grade fertilizer ever sold in the State.

It is the best without exception. Always Reliable. Made of best Materials and is in beautiful mechanical condition.

[From North Carolina Experiment Station.]

2526. Pine Island Ammoniated Phosphate, Quinnipiac Fertilizing Co., New London, Conn., sampled at Selma, February 27th, with Webb, Tisdale & Co. Contains: Available phosphoric acid 9.59, ammonia 2.87, potash 1.94 per cent. Relative value per 2,000 lbs., $31.07.
CHAS. W. DABNEY, JR., *Director.*

QUINIPIAC FERTILIZER COMPANY,
New London, Conn.
J. B. STARR,
Agent at Fayetteville, N. C.
April 9, 1884. 62tf

For A Business Education Attend the
Commercial College
Of Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky.
Students can begin any week-day in the year. No vacation. Time to complete the Full Diploma Business Course about 10 weeks. Average Total Cost, including Tuition, Board Books and Board in a family, $60. Telegraphy a specialty. Literary Course free. Ladies received. 5,000 successful graduates. Over 300 pupils last year from 15 to 45 years of age, from 21 States. Instruction is practically and individually imparted by 10 teachers. Special course for Teachers and Business Men. University Diploma presented to its graduates. This beautiful city is noted for its healthfulness and society, and is on leading Railroads. Fall Session begins Sept. 8th. For circulars and full particulars address its President, WILLIAM R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.
May 29, 1884. 69-3m

New Store and New Goods AT THE RED SIGN,

NO. 47 PERSON ST.

F. F. F. F. F. G. and P.
Find Fresh, Fine, Fancy, Family Groceries and Provisions.

FLOUR, Hams, Tongues, Bacon, Lard, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Butter, Cheese, Rice, Hominy, a large and elegant variety of Gilt Edge, Plain and Fancy Candy, Nuts, Raisins, Apples and Fruits of all kinds, Mince Meat, Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Potted Meats, Canned and Fresh Oysters, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC LIQUORS, WINES, PORTER, ALES, LAGER BEER, CIGARS and TOBACCO. The best North Carolina Apple Brandy, Corn and Rye Whisky from the Mountains of Cleveland County, always kept in stock.
Special attention is called to CLAUSEN & SON'S CHAMPAGNE BOTTLED LAGER BEER. They have received a FIRST PRIZE at Paris in 1878, and for the last three years from the American Institute Fair in the City of New York. As a beverage for the convalescent and those whose digestion is impaired, it has no equal, and is recommended to patients of weak constitutions and nervous temperament by the most prominent physicians in preference to ALL OTHER BRANDS.
R. T. SCANLIN, Ag't.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 20, 1883. 46tf

GEO. A. THOMSON, HEADQUARTERS FOR Family Supplies, General Merchandise, Rock Bottom Prices AND GOOD GOODS, 54 PERSON STREET, Wholesale and Retail PROVISION DEALER.

GEO. A. THOMSON.
Nov 29, 1883 43tf

R. M. NIMOCKS,

—DEALER IN—
Groceries, Liquors, Guano, Wagons, Plows, Castings and General Farm Furnishing Goods,
A FULL LINE OF BRIDLES, COLLARS, AND WAGON HARNESS ALWAYS ON HAND.
Receiver of Naval Stores and Cotton.
GILLESPIE STREET, FAYEETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan'y 9, 1884. 46tf

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!!

WE HAVE JUST ADDED TO A LARGE and well assorted stock of our own make of
Buggies, Rockaways, &c.,
120 of "Cook's Standard Cincinnati"
Jump Seats, Phaetons, Side Bars Top and No-Top Buggies,
This work we bought at a bargain and are offering lower than ever before sold in this market, and to dealers or clubs in lots we can offer some special inducements.
Call and examine quality and styles and get our prices whether you wish to buy or not.
HARNESS
at all kinds of prices to go with this work.
A. A. McKETHAN & SONS.
Fayetteville, June 15, 1882. 112tf

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.
"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.
Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. 'Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully, HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Cotton Factory FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust made February 5th, 1884, by Manchester Mills, A. K. McDiarmid and W. J. McDiarmid, we will, at 11 o'clock on

Monday, July 7th, 1884,

At the Court House in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction the property known as

MANCHESTER MILLS,

including about 35 acres of land with buildings, &c., and all machinery and appurtenances of every sort thereto belonging. The mill and machinery is constructed for the manufacture of Plaid Goods and Cotton Yarns, and is conveniently located on McDuffie's Creek, near Manchester Depot, on the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, and is run by a 27 inch Burnheim Turbine Wheel and a 60 horse-power Steam Engine; and there is also a "double returned tubular boiler" for heating.
The factory buildings are commodious, the machinery is mostly new, with good belting, &c., and all is in good repair and running order—the average production being about 2,200 yards of Plaids per day. There are 55 Check Looms and all necessary Lappers, Cards, Drawing Frames, Slubbers, Speeders, Spinning Frames, Warpers, Spoolers, Dressers, Card-grinders, Folder, Two Engine Lathes, and other machinery.
There is a Dye House and all necessary fixtures, and a Gas machine—100 burners. There is also a Gin House 40x50 feet, with 60 Saw Winship Gin, Cotton Press, &c.; one Howe Platform Scales and one Grist Mill complete. There is a store building 30x100 feet, 2 stories high, and it is a good business stand. There are 26 tenements, and they are all in good repair.
The location is healthy, the neighborhood is good, and there is a well-organized and efficient force of operatives.
Persons desiring to purchase can get any desired information by applying to the undersigned or by visiting Manchester, where there will be some one to show the property and the factory in operation.
The purchaser will be required to pay one-third of his bid in cash, and to give well-secured notes for the balance, to be paid in two equal instalments in 4 and 8 months, with 8 per cent. interest from date.
N. W. RAY,
H. McD. ROBINSON,
Trustees.
Fayetteville, N. C., April 30, 1884. 65ts

RALEGH REGISTER.

EARLY IN FEBRUARY—AS SOON AS THE Printers receive the necessary material—the publication of the RALEIGH REGISTER, a North Carolina Democratic newspaper, will be commenced.
The REGISTER will be printed weekly until the great political campaign of 1884 begins. It will then be issued twice a week, or as often as may be useful or necessary to the Democratic party in North Carolina. It will be printed from new and beautiful type on good white paper, and though it may not be large enough to hold all at once all the good things that glowing prospectuses sometimes promise, yet the application of a thorough knowledge of how to use them will put into its thirty-two broad columns all the news, much good reading, and a complete history of what is done in North Carolina. Mr. Hale will be editor of the REGISTER.
The price of the REGISTER will be $2 a year, $1 for six months. Pay for your home paper, and then remit for the REGISTER. Those who remit $2 to this office will receive as a Premium either volume ordered of "Hale's Industrial Series." Two volumes are now ready:
THE WOODS AND TIMBERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Curtis's, Emmons', and Kerr's Botanical Reports; supplemented by accurate County Reports of Standing Forests, and illustrated by an excellent Map of the State. 1 volume 12mo. Cloth, 273 pp., $1.25
INDUSTRIES IN NORTH CAROLINA—IN THE COAL AND IRON COUNTIES.—Emmons', Kerr's, Laidley's, Wilkes', and the Census Reports; supplemented by full accurate sketches of the Fifty-six Counties, and Map of the State. 1 volume 12mo. Cloth, 425 pp., $1.50. Address
REGISTER OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan'y 30, 1884. 52tf

1870. 1884. At the Old Stand.

OUR town friends will find a full line of Family Groceries, consisting in part of all grades of Flour, Bacon—Shoulders, Sides, Hams and Breakfast Strips; Coffee—green and roasted; Butter, Lard, Molasses and Syrup; Canned Goods, and a good lot of Mackerel.
Goods delivered free.
Royster's best Candy always on hand.
To our country friends we would say we keep a general stock of Goods at wholesale and retail. Call and see me.
I will pay the highest market price for country produce.
J. A. GAINEY, Ag't.
March 26, 1884. 60tf

Express Steamboat Co.

STEAMER SCHEDULE.

ON and after April 1st and until further notice the Steamer D. Murchison, Capt. J. C. Smith, will leave Fayetteville every Tuesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 P. M.
Steamer Wave, Capt. W. A. Robeson, will leave Fayetteville every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington Monday and Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.
A. B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Agents, Fayetteville, N. C.
April 12, 1883 10tf

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

OFFERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
☞ Office North-east corner Market Square.
April 29, 1880. 2-1y

J. E. GARRETT, Book and Job Printer,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
SOLICITS orders for Pamphlet Work, General Letter-Press Printing, Blanks of all kinds, and every description of printing.

FOR SALE.

A PAIR OF MATCH HORSES, double-seated Carriage and double set of Harness. The Horses are well broke and will work anywhere. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to
A. McBUIE, Agent.
Jan'y 9, 1884. 49tf

LANDRETH'S Garden Seeds

are always reliable
HINSDALE & BROADFOOT.
Jan'y 23, 1884. 51tf

OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY,.....JUNE 5, 1884.

"INCIDENTAL" PROTECTION.

The uncompromising action of Mr. Randall and his handful of followers with reference to the Morrison tariff bill, having set the party free from further necessity of compromise, it is pretty well settled that the July Convention at Chicago will adopt an unmistakable tariff for revenue platform. The Democracy of North Carolina will meet in Raleigh two weeks before the sitting of the Chicago Convention, and it becomes a matter of importance that its outgivings on the great issue of the day shall accord as nearly as may be with those of the party at large. The OBSERVER's Washington correspondent a few weeks ago mentioned a rumor in that city that an effort would be made at the approaching Convention in Raleigh to adopt the tariff doctrine of the Ohio Democracy—which, as we had occasion to say at the time, is not sound Democratic doctrine.

In view of these things, let the voice of the Democracy speak with no uncertain sound at Raleigh on the 25th of this month. The use of the expression "Incidental Protection" in the last State platform has led to some confusion in the Democratic mind. What the authors of the expression meant to convey by the term, we have at present no other means of knowing than is afforded by the presumption that it was intended to indicate what the words signify, which is protection that is "without design," that is "accidental," that is "not necessary to the chief purpose." And the motive for the change from the term which represents the traditional doctrine of the party—a tariff "for revenue only"—we must assume was to point out by a short phrase, readily seized upon and remembered, the *effect* upon the manufacturing interests, as well as the *meaning* of a "tariff for revenue only." The moment a customs rate on importations is imposed, for the support of government, protection in some degree follows. This is incidental protection: this, the only constitutional protection. But the phrase is held by those who think with Mr. Randall to commit the party in this State to the doctrine of protection *with* design, that is, *not* accidental, that *is* necessary to the chief purpose. We do not think so, taking the expression to mean what the dictionary says and assuming that its North Carolina authors thoroughly understood its meaning. If, however, those who differ with us are right, so much the more urgent is the reason for its prompt rejection in the platform which shall be adopted at Raleigh.

Let not the party drift into the defensive position against which Judge Black so earnestly warned it of appearing to seek to be considered almost as sound on protection as its adversary.

COL. GREEN AND THE NOMINATION.—Col. Green has written to a friend in this town a letter expressing his gratification at the manner in which the delegates from Cumberland County were instructed to vote for him at Burgaw, which does credit to his own heart in its quick perception of the handsome acts of others—as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29, 1884.

MY DEAR SIR:—Your valued favor of the 27th inst., was this day received, and I thank you heartily for writing it. As you thought, it does most truly make me "feel good," this kind, generous, warm-hearted endorsement of my county people. Most truly do I value it more than any compliment that has ever been paid me. Aye, more even than a re-election without it.

From the well-spring of an overflowing heart, I say God bless old Cumberland and her noble-hearted, generous and confiding sons and daughters. If ever man had cause to feel gratitude to his neighbors and love for his surroundings, surely I am that man. And may my right hand forget it's cunning, and my tongue cleave, &c., if I fail to feel both love and gratitude to them for their many kindnesses to me and mine.

As you have heard me say before, so say I now, that after having seen many of the most favored portions of the earth and sojourned in several, my heart never found it's yearning until blessed fate anchored my little bark on the upper Cape Fear. The high honor which I enjoy of a seat in the national councils, conferred by the too partial favor of my fellow citizens, is on that account not without alloy, inasmuch as it deprives me of the pleasures of that home and especially the fellowship of home friends. You know that I am essentially domestic in my tastes and habits, and enjoy the quiet and retirement of country life more than the world of fashion or the whirl of excitement. Still I do not underrate the dignity of the station or deny it's attractions. To worthily discharge the duties incident, is my highest ambition, as the assurance of those who sent me here that I have partially succeeded will ever be a source of greatest satisfaction, even though prompted out of their abundant charity.

Rest assured, my dear sir, that I fully appreciate the unusual magnanimity and generosity displayed by my late competitor, but past and present friend, George Rose. I wrote him accordingly on yesterday, and request you to return him my thanks to-day, since hearing through you the full extent of his graceful courtesy.

WEST POINT.—We are indebted to Cadet Richmond Pearson Davis for an invitation to attend the hops given by the corps of cadets during their Summer encampment. The note of invitation is adorned with beautiful engravings of scenes about "the Point," and reminds one of the ante-bellum invitations to Commencement balls at the University, which bore a picture of the University's unrivalled campus. We think the University might with advantage return to its ancient habit in this respect, and other colleges in the State borrow a wrinkle therefrom.

CORRECTION.—Major Jonathan Evans calls our attention to the fact that Mr. A. C. Huggins who had the misfortune to kill Dr. Lesesne as described in the last issue of this paper, is not Mr. Cooper Huggins who was a classmate of Lesesne's at the University, but a cousin. Also that Mr. McNabb whose letter from Washington Territory appeared in the same issue, is not a "Robeson county lawyer." Although some members of his father's family resided in Robeson, Mr. E. L. McNabb was of Bladen and a Bladen lawyer.

THE AFFAIRS OF GRANT AND WARD.—We find the subjoined statements about the affairs of the broken firm of Grant & Ward in the city news columns of a recent issue of the New York *Times*, which suggest that General Grant may not be such a loser after all. In fact we are inclined to suspect that the stories about his being a "broken and crushed old man," &c., are put forward for the purpose of shielding him from public indignation until the storm passes. When it is past and forgotten, we venture to predict that the astute General will come up "smiling" and as "solid" as ever.

Says the *Times:*

Receiver Julian T. Davies spent the greater part of the day in the office of Grant & Ward. He received a large number of callers and was asked a great many questions. He was not prepared to say when his report would be ready. He was asked whether it was true that the eliminating of fictitious profits from Grant & Ward's accounts would show the liabilities to be comparatively small, and he replied: "Well, that is a conclusion that I am not justified in inferring, so far as my examination of the books has gone."

"How much money has Gen. Grant drawn out of the firm?" the reporter asked.

"I do not know," answered Mr. Davies.

William C. Smith, the Stock Exchange member of the firm of Grant & Ward, also avowed his ignorance of the amount of money drawn out of the business by Gen. Grant. Mr. Smith's attention was called to the alleged use of the names of President Arthur, Gen. Sheridan, and other prominent men on the so-called contracts issued by the firm, and he said: "That is part of the fiction invented by Ward to deceive people. There is nothing in it to my knowledge." Alluding to the apparently large liabilities of Grant & Ward, Mr. Smith said that they were to a great extent fictitious. Persons had taken out of the firm more money than they had put in, yet many of them now had claims for fictitious profits aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars. Mr. Smith believed that people would be surprised at the comparative smallness of the actual liabilities.

George Spencer, the confidential clerk who copied the letter to James D. Fish which Mr. Ward indorsed Gen. Grant to sign, was said to be out whenever inquiries for him were made at the office of Grant & Ward yesterday. It was stated that he had gone up to Ludlow-Street Jail to see Mr. Ward.

Jesse R. Grant said: "I have no remarks to make about this matter. We have all made up our minds to say nothing. I have ceased to read what the papers print about Grant & Ward's affairs."

One of the expert accountants employed on the books of the firm said yesterday: "I don't believe we shall ever get to the bottom of matters, as everything apparently has been purposely complicated. Unless Mr. Ward can straighten things out, the statement, at best, will be an approximation. As showing how the contract system was worked, I can mention one as a sample. On the 18th December, 1883, Mr. S. B. Elkins put in $50,000, which was to remain until Jan. 8, or 20 days. At this date he drew out $60,000, a profit of $10,000, or at the rate of 1 per cent. per day. This, I think, is the highest rate of interest thus far shown to have been agreed upon."

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.—The Republican National Convention met at Chicago on Tuesday, and on yesterday afternoon, so we are informed by telegraph, organized by the election of Thomas Henderson as permanent chairman.

The contest is between Blaine, Arthur, Logan and Edmunds. The Republican New York *Times*, in disgust with its party, declares that as between the two leading candidates, Blaine and Arthur, the contest has already settled down into a matter of bargain and sale. Without doubt.

A Daughter of Bladen Writes a Book about Fayetteville.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

BLADEN COUNTY, N. C.,
May 22, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—Away down in Texas, one of Bladen's fair daughters has written a story, "Torpedoes; or, Dynamite in Society," and laid the scene in F. (Fayetteville), and describes a journey down the murky Cape Fear. This publication I opine has not yet reached your patriotic old town. The book is well worth the reading, abounding as it does with impressive truths, moral lessons, and pointing out torpedoes for young men to stear clear of. The authoress is Mrs. M. R. Lesesne, daughter of the late Dr. John S. Richardson, whose hospitable home was once in Bladen, on the east side of the river. Mrs. Lesesne graduated at the Greensboro Female College, is a lady of deep piety, and her book cannot fail to do good wherever it finds its way. Founded upon a tragic scene, which occurred years ago in Fayetteville, many of the older citizens can recognize the picture, and be carried back to days of yore. Bladen is proud of her talented authoress, and would rejoice to learn that many copies were taken in Fayetteville and Cumberland. ETHEL.

The Draining of Swamps.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

MR. EDITOR:—I notice an article on draining swamps in Florida, which is not so surprising there, as Florida is a country full of subterranean water courses, which break out and disappear again in mysterious ways. But a similar and cheaper plan was tried successfully within three miles of Fayetteville, eight or nine years ago, at the instance of the writer. On the old Williams place, on the Centre Plank Road, at that time owned by Mr. James M. Smith, there was a circular pond of about 20 acres, which was about 2 to 3 feet deep in water. It was entirely drained by a common well sunk on dry ground near it without even a ditch leading to the well. Cotton and corn have been raised continuously on it since without the water again collecting. My theory is that there is a saucer-shaped layer of impervious clay under the surface, some distance beneath these ponds, which retains the water. It has only to be pierced in any part and the water will drain away. I think that even a hole bored with a common post hole auger would answer for small ponds, if it was carried down to water gravel and kept open or filled with small stones. At any rate it is a cheap experiment to try.

T. C. O.

[Col. Fort's experiment, described in the OBSERVER, of May 22d, was made in Southwestern Georgia—not Florida. But the two sections are measurably similar.]

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.—The amendment to the appropriation bill referred to by our Washington correspondent, putting grain distilleries on the same footing with those of fruit and reducing the pay of storekeepers and gaugers, is an important step towards the abolition of the whole system, which will eventually take place.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—Since last week there is little important change in the Congressional situation. Some slight progress has been made toward an adjournment, and that is all. The House is busily engaged in passing or debating appropriation bills and seating or unseating members. McKinley, of Ohio, gives way to Wallace, who is a Democrat, but as the latter is a Protectionist, the situation is about the same.

The Constitutional amendment of which I spoke some time ago, altering the Presidential term, has been reported in the Senate with amendments which extend the term of office to six years, and render a second term impossible. The bill has defensible features as it is claimed that great injury is done to the business interests of the country by our present system of an election every four years. The bill also provides that if a Vice President fill an unexpired term he shall not be eligible to election. Some even propose that the Presidential term shall be lengthened to 10 years. That is out of the question, though, as the next step would probably be a life time term, which is of course opposed, radically, to our Governmental system.

The Mexican Pensions bill is still before the Senate. Some amendments making the applicant for a pension swear to his inability to support himself, caused hot debate, and were defeated, so that the bill will probably be passed early next week in respectable form.

The Utah bill has not been settled either, and is not likely to be within a week. Considerable opposition is developing against it, as some of its provisions are very harsh and of doubtful constitutionality. Gov. Brown spoke in opposition to it this week, and in the course of his remarks made a severe attack on New England morals. His figures as to divorce in that section were alarming and indisputable, but they hardly strengthened his position as his attack was scarcely called for. However, it is good to occasionally remind our brethren "down East" that they are but mortal.

The reports of the Privileges and Elections Committee of the Senate on Copiah and Danville have been made, and the Democratic minority has also reported on the Copiah case.

The committee report on the Danville investigation is purely and simply a campaign document. It affirms that every one of the allegations made in the original resolutions in the Senate have been confirmed by the evidence introduced before the committee. And this declaration is made in the face of the fact that almost all the prominent Republican papers in the country have, in their comments, as the evidence appeared, admitted that the allegations were false in toto. The Senate has ordered that 150,000 copies of this miserable slander on the State of Virginia be printed. The views of the minority will be submitted next week. Senator Lapham, who prepared the majority report, has made statements on perverted evidence in that report in a manner unworthy of even a Cincinnati criminal "shyster" as I believe they are called.

A curious resolution, from a curious source, was offered in the House the other day. Belford, of Colorado, offered a resolution appropriating $500,000 for the erection and suppo t of a home for disabled Confederate soldiers. The fate of this measure, if it should by any possibility reach a vote, is so apparent, that I only mention it as a "curiosity of legislation."

The squabble in the Senate as to the Public Land frauds is still intermittently continued. Lands granted to tremendous Railroad corporations cause the trouble, and beyond doubt the country will be greatly enlightened when all the resolutions asking information about the matter are answered, as they soon will be.

The bill establishing a Bureau of Animal Industry having been signed by the President, is now a law, so it is out of the way.

Two of the most important questions before this Congress, the Postal Telegraph and the Educational bill, have not been acted upon, and, if predictions of an early adjournment are fulfilled, will not be this year.

It is to be hoped something will be done with these matters; especially the educational question requires some solution.

A good beginning of Internal Revenue reform has been made. Mr. Thompson, of Ky., proposed some important amendments in the House, and they were passed. One of these amendments reduced the number of Revenue Collection Districts—consolidating some in others, and another exempts all distilleries which mash ten bushels of grain or less per day from the operation of the provisoins of the present law except as to the payment of taxes, and authorizes such distilleries to run as fruit distilleries, and provides that storekeepers and gaugers who are assigned to distilleries with a capacity of twenty-five bushels a day or less shall receive $2 a day when actually employed. That is the effect, if not the language of the amendments, and the friends of Internal Revenue Reform consider that a good deal has been accomplished by their adoption. That is merely a beginning though. Let the good work go on.

The House wishes to finish the discussion of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill to day, but as both Houses adjourned over from Thursday on account of yesterday's being Memorial Day, it will hardly succeed. This bill is one of the most important apropriation bills.

Another defalcation, this time in the Post Office Department, has been the talk of the city. Col. Burnsides, disbursing clerk in the P. O. D., has been found to be $45,000 short in his accounts and assets. Of course the cause was speculating with Government money.

The Republican members have adjourned almost as a whole to Chicago. All say that it is impossible to name the candidate now. Blaine still leads with Arthur as good second. T. V.

In the excitement over Wall street and the approach of the Republican Convention, Chinese Gordon seems to have been lost sight of. He is still carrying on business at the old stand—Khartoum. Later news in another column revives the Egyptian question.

SUMMERVILLE SCHOOL.

Picnic and other attractions at Raven Rock.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 24, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—On Friday, 16th inst., your correspondent, with several friends, visited that once beautiful, though now somewhat neglected little village of Summerville, in Harnett county, on the occasion of the closing exercises of the school there under the care of that most excellent and accomplished preceptor, Mr. J. A. Cameron. In ante bellum days Summerville, on account of its healthy location, the pure morals of its people and the excellence of its high school, was a popular resort for old and young. Nor does it lack in any of these now, as your correspondent can testify to the hospitality shown him by the good people of the place on his recent visit there. And truly the educational advantages offered by Mr. C's. school are not behind those of his predecessors. Mr. Cameron had under his care for the session ending on the 16th, about forty scholars; and the examination showed conclusively that they had been taught by one who was conscious of his whole duty as a teacher.

The music department was presided over by the gifted and accomplished Miss Mary McKoy, and the ease and grace with which her pupils displayed their musical knowledge was thorough evidence of her adaptability to her profession.

At night after very pleasant entertainment at the academy, consisting of declamations, dialogues and sweet music by the pupils of the school, the large audience repaired to the residence of Mr. Cameron where the ladies gave an ice cream festival for the benefit of the Presbyterian church at that place, and I learn with very satisfactory results.

On Saturday a pic nic was had at Raven Rock, a beautifully grand and picturesque point on Cape Fear River near the residence of the late Col. Neill McKoy; it was a joint enterprise of the young ladies and gentlemen of Wake and Harnett county, but four counties were represented. The scenery around Raven Rock strikes the visitor at once with ideas of the grand, sublime and ridiculous (the ridiculous is going up and down the almost perpendicular hill that leads to the river.) One lady remarked, on being asked how she got up the hill, "that she had made the ascent by grabbing to every man and bush that came in her way."

When you descend the hill you come suddenly upon a scene splendid and grand. Just thirty feet from the base of the solid rock wall, towering a hundred feet above you, rolls in calm loveliness the beautiful Cape Fear, and as you stand beneath that grand, gray rock, the scene from its natural grandeur can but awaken in the mind strange, wild fancies. Shelf-like in its formation, crowds might find shelter from the storm, and beautiful trees next the river would keep away the sun's rays on any August day. In fact all its surroundings seem to fit the place peculiarly for one of festivity and pleasure.

My attention was called to a stump, supposed from the surrounding growth to be poplar, but so much decayed that it is impossible to tell what kind of a tree it was, the diameter of which now is seven feet. It is said that there was never a pic-nic at Raven Rock except there were vows plighted that were never broken; and from appearances this one was not an exception, for one couple under one big hat (?) were so intent upon studying the geological formation of that grand natural wall that even the call for dinner did not arouse them from their revery. On the whole every one of the three or four hundred persons there enjoyed the scenery, the speech by Mr. O. J. Spears, and the delightful dinner.

P.

NEWS FROM EGYPT.—As the last news printed in the OBSERVER some weeks ago concerning Egypt, left General Gordon at Khartoum and the public uncertain whether he owned the situation thereabouts or the situation and the Mahdi owned him, and the attitude and intentions of England also uncertain, we are glad to find the subject reopened, though still unsatisfactorily, as follows:

A Cairo dispatch of May 29 says that the new Mahdi, who is stated to have appeared in the Soudan, claims the power of becoming invisible at will. A story is told by the natives that the Mahdi sent soldiers to capture the new prophet; but when the soldiers had surrounded the divan on which he was sitting, he suddenly vanished in the air. Advices from Kassala of April 12 report that that town is completely isolated. All communication from the outer world, either by letter or newspaper, had been cut off. The 3,000 Egyptian troops of the garrison had no difficulty in keeping the Hakendos away from the city, as they are great cowards. Ammunition was still plentiful, but the food supply was rapidly running out. Major von Seckendoff, who was with Gen. Hicks, is still a prisoner at El Obeid. He is suffering terrible privation. It is asserted that a ransom would be accepted for him. Zebehr Pasha has addressed a circular to the rebel chiefs. He urges them to facilitate the passage of the messengers—among whom are his three sons—who are now on their way to Gen. Gordon. He asks them, also, to escort Gen. Gordon and his friends from Khartoum to Korosko. The Nile is rising rapidly, and it is expected that Gen. Gordon's armed boats will be able to drive the rebels from the banks above and below Khartoum and open communication with Berber and Cairo. The rumor prevails that the rebels have withdrawn from around Shendy. The reports that El Mahdi's forces have been defeated at Darfour by a new Mahdi are not believed at Cairo.

A Paris telegram of the same date says: Prime Minister Ferry informed the Chamber of Deputies to-day that the state of the negotiations with England concerning the Egyptian conference prevented him from making any statements in regard thereto at present.

The *Gaulois* says that M. Waddington, French Minister to England, has informed Earl Granville, British Foreign Secretary, that Europe would regret to have England abandon the Soudan, and especially Khartoum, which France desires the Khedive to retain.

At London, the *Pall Mall Gazette* declares that "Earl Granville's request to Turkey to send 15,000 troops to the Soudan is more serious for the Cabinet than the scheme of multiple control. The Ministers knew what Earl Granville was doing when he proposed to surrender to France, but they were aghast when they heard the proposal to Turkey to send troops. Turkey on Tuesday signified her acceptance of this proposition. It is not clear how the Cabinet can repudiate Turkey's acceptance without insisting upon Earl Granville's resignation." The same paper says: "The Egyptian Conference will meet June 23. Before that time the question of multiple control and the limit of English occupation concluded between M. Waddington and Earl Granville will have been agreed to by the other powers."

CIRCULAR

To the Ministers and Christian Churches of Cumberland County, N. C.

DEAR BRETHREN:—At the last annual meeting of the Cumberland County Bible Society we, the undersigned, were appointed a Committee to address to you a circular respecting the Bible work among our own people.

The objects of this County Society are to supply our own county citizens with the Word of God at the lowest possible price or gratuitously, and to co-operate with the American Bible Society in supplying the destitutions of other parts of our land and world, when our own have been met.

To supply our own people we keep a depository of Bibles and Testaments at the book-store of Mr. Geo. H. Haigh, in Fayetteville. These are sold at cost to all persons able to buy, and upon application to the directors of the County Society, Bibles may be given to those unable to purchase. It is also necessary, from time to time, to visit the households of the county and to furnish them with Bibles.

To keep an assortment of Bibles to grant the needful donations, to make a periodic canvass of the county by Bible Colporteurs, and to co-operate in the noble work of the American Bible Society, requires annually a considerable amount of funds.

As patriots, enjoying a civilization founded on the Bible, as the foes of vice and immorality condemned by the Scriptures, as the friends of law and order upheld by the Divine Word, as the lovers of your race, whose best interests are conserved by the inspired volume, and as believers in Jesus, whose eternal hopes for yourselves and humanity are derived from the oracles of God, we would urge you to sustain the Bible work in your midst by your *means*, your *labors*, and your *prayers*.

Please give your philanthropic or Christian interest in this matter a practical direction, by causing to be taken up in each of your Churches a collection for the Bible cause as soon as possible, and by having an *annual Bible sermon* and *collection* in the month of October every year.

Your collections can be forwarded to E. T. McKethan, Treasurer Cumberland County Bible Society, Fayetteville, N. C.

H. G. HILL.
FRED. W. EASON.
FRANK H. WOOD.

NEWTON NORMAL SCHOOL.—The term of 1884 will begin June 30th and continue four weeks.

FACULTY.

M. C. S. Noble, Supt. Graded Schools, Wilmington, N. C., Superintendent.

E. P. Moses, Supt. Graded School Goldsboro, N. C. Arithmetic.

N. C Schaffer, Ph. D. Keystone Normal School, Penn. Methods of Teaching and School Management.

W. A. Blair, Supt. Graded School, High Point, N. C. English Grammar and English Literature.

J. H. Raybill, Ill. Reading and Elocution.

M. C. S. Noble, Wilmington, N. C. Geography.

W. J. Scroggs, Principal High School, Smithville, N. C. History.

Miss M. E. Cook, Principal Union Graded School, Wilmington, N. C. Advanced Primary Class.

Miss A. J. Yarborough, Hemingway Graded School, Wilmington, N. C. Primary Class.

A Professor of Music is yet to be elected.

Our North Carolina teachers may expect to be greatly benefitted by a summer's course under the above mentioned eminent instructors.

THE STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—Chairman Battle says that "the several railroad companies of the State have agreed to sell at their various depots, to delegates, return tickets to and from Raleigh, at reduced rates; and the only way provided for delegates to get the advantage of reduced fare is by the purchase of return tickets. Certificates from the chairman and secretary of the executive committee given delegates here will not be respected by the railroad officials. The return tickets will generally be good from Sunday or Monday before the convention till the end of the week. To avoid trouble and confusion, chairmen and secretaries of the county executive committees are earnestly requested to call the attention of the delegates from their respective counties to this matter."

THE FRUIT GROWERS' FAIR.—From Capt. Paddison, President of the State Fruit Growers' Association, we learn that the next annual fruit fair will be held at Goldsboro on the 30th and 31st of July. The committee to arrange the premium list—which is to be largely increased—will meet in a few days. The prospects are encouraging for a large display.—*Wil. Star, 30th.*

AYER'S Ague Cure

contains an **antidote for all malarial disorders** which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE

to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the money.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

June 5, 1884. 70-26t

COTTON FACTORIES FOR SALE!

IN order to facilitate the settlement of the Estate of a deceased half-owner of the property, the Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills Manufacturing Company has resolved to sell at public auction at the

MARKET HOUSE, FAYETTVILLE, N C.

On TUESDAY, JULY 8th, 1884,

two valuable Cotton Factories situated about seven (7) miles from Fayetteville known as

"The Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,"

and at present operated by said Company.

BEAVER CREEK FACTORY is located on Beaver Creek, a strong and very rarely failing stream, about two (2) miles from the C. F. & Y. V. R. Road, employs 3,232 spindles and 71 looms, (of which 59 are Bridesburg and 12 Cooper or English looms), consumes about 1,510 pounds of cotton per day, producing 40 bundles of yarn and 3,391 yards of sheeting.

The mill is a *four story* frame building, fitted up with all necessary machinery of modern pattern and in good repair, and is run by a 60 inch Turbine wheel; lighted by a Springfield Gas Machine (80 burners) and heated by boiler with 25 horse power engine. With this Factory will be sold 806 acres of land, two dwelling houses, one store building, 30 tenement houses and all other buildings connected with the Factory.

BLUFF FACTORY is situated on Little Rockfish Creek, about 1¼ miles from the C. F. & Y. V. R. Road; water supply abundant and never failing; main building is three story brick, built in 1872, and has contiguous to it boiler house, cotton house, gas house, &c.; also store house and tenement houses.

The mill is run by a 60 inch Turbine wheel, uses 3,056 spindles and 62 (Cooper) English Looms, consumes about 1,340 pounds of cotton and produces 3,622 yards of sheeting per day. The machinery is modern in pattern and in excellent condition, as also are all the buildings. Included with the Bluff Factory are 931 acres of land.

The factories are within ¾ mile of each other, the location is healthy and the operatives well organized and capable. The products are popular, the trade well established and the business prosperous. The business office is in Fayetteville, a pleasant town of 5,000 inhabitants, in the midst of the cotton section—well provided with churches and schools and possessing excellent facilities of rail and water transportation.

Detailed information will be cheerfully given to any one applying.

The Factories will be sold separately.

Terms: One-third cash and balance 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest at 8 per cent. from day of sale.

It is seldom that such valuable property is offered at public sale.

A map of the property, including houses, can be seen at the office of the Company.

E. J. LILLY, Pres't.
JOHN SHAW,
H. W. LILLY,
E. J. LILLY,
Directors.

Fayetteville, N. C., May 27, 1884. 69-6t

TIME TABLE No. 7.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

To take effect 10.00, *A. M., Monday, May 26th*, 1884.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

☞Standard Time—Clock in General Office.☜

TRAINS MOVING NORTH

Northern Division. STATIONS.	Distances.	No. 1. Mail and Passenger. Leave.	Arrive.
		A. M.	A. M.
Fayetteville	0.0	10 20	
Manchester	13.75	11 10	11 60
Spout Spring	20.1	11 45	11 40
		P. M.	P. M.
*Rock Branch	27.5	12 15	12 15*
Swann's	29.0	12 25	12 20
Jonesboro	34.1	1 08	12 55
Sanford	37.1	2 00	1 20
Egypt	43.5	2 30	2 25
Gulf	46.5	3 00	2 45
Richmond	53.7	3 35	3 28
Ore Hill	58.0	4 07	3 55
Siler	62.6	4 35	4 25
Staley	70.0	5 15	5 05
Liberty	74.4	5 45	5 33
Julian	81.5	6 30	6 20
Pleasant Garden	83.6	7 15	7 10
*Greensboro Junction	97.4	7 58	7 54
Greensboro	97.6		8 00

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Distances.	No. 2. Mail and Passenger. Leave.	Arrive.
		A. M.	A. M.
Greensboro	0.0	10 00	
*Greensboro Junction	0 2	10 01	10 01*
Pleasant Garden	8 0	10 40	10 36
Julian	16.10	11 30	11 20
		P. M.	
Liberty	23.2	12 10	11 58
Staley	27.6	12 36	12 28
Siler	35.0	1 15	1 06
Ore Hill	39.6	2 00	1 34
Richmond	43.9	2 30	2 25
Gulf	51.1	3 08	2 58
Egypt	54.1	3 37	3 33
Sanford	60.5	4 25	4 03
Jonesboro	63.5	4 50	4 38
Swann's	68.6	5 18	5 15
*Rock Branch	70.1	5 24	*5 24
Spout Spring	77.5	6 08	6 04
Manchester	83.85	6 50	6 39
Fayetteville	97.6		7 30

Southern Division. STATIONS.	Distances.	No. 3. Mail and Passenger. Leave.	Arrive
		P. M.	P. M.
Fayetteville	0.0	8 00	
Rockfish	7.02	8 35	8 25
McNatt's	14.0	9 05	9 00
Lumber Bridge	16.5	9 25	9 15
Shandon	21.1	9 53	9 43
Red Springs	24.5		10 10

STATIONS.	Distances.	No. 4 Mail and Passenger. Leave.	Arrive
		A. M.	A. M.
Red Springs	0.0	5 30	
Shandon	3.4	5 55	5 45
Lumber Bridge	8.0	6 23	6 13
McNatt's	10.5	6 48	6 38
Rockfish	17.3	7 23	7 13
Fayetteville	24.5		7 50

*Flag Stations.

No. 1 Dinner at Sanford. No. 2 Dinner at Ore Hill. No. 4 Breakfast at Fayetteville.

Trains will not run to Red Springs until June 1st, 1884.

JAS. S. MORRISON, Gen'l Sup't.
May 29, 1884. 69tf

LIVERY, Feed and Sale Stables.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire outfit and stock of Mr. A. Overbaugh in the above mentioned business is prepared to furnish all kinds of

VEHICLES,

with good horses and polite and attentive drivers, at short notice.

Special attention will be given to boarding horses.

G. A. BURNS,
Bow Street, near the Presbyterian Church.
May 29, 1884. 69-3m

N. C. Roe Herring.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

Country Merchants

WILL do well to ship their COUNTRY PRODUCE to us. We guarantee as high a price for it as can be obtained. We will fill your orders promptly and at as low figures as any firm in the city. Give us a trial.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 29, 1884. 69tf

JUST IN TIME!

Opened at George Brandt's

2,000 PAIRS

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infant's Slippers; Opera Ties; Elite Ties; Windsor Ties; Langtry Ties; Daisy Ties; Broadway Ties; Newport Ties, etc., etc.; from 50 cents up.

Gent's Patent Leather Ties; French Calf handsewed Strap Ties; Goat Opera Ties; Prince Alberts and French Kid Common Sense Ties.

Just received one case of the justly celebrated

PIVOT CORSETS,

Elastic Laces, extra. The greatest comfort ever Invented. Customers having left orders for the Pivot Corset will have the kindness to send for them and take them away.

Please call at

GEO. BRANDT'S
Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar,
NOS. 24, 26, 28 and 30,
HAY ST., FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
May 22, 1884 68tf

STEEL SWEEPS; SHOVELS; SCOOTERS; BULL TONGUES; HALF-TURN SHOVELS, &c., &c.

H. H. H.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
SUPERIOR COURT.

Fayetteville National Bank
against
A. A. McKethan.

Notice of Lis Pendens—Published by Order.

IN this action the defendant alleges, and will show, that he advanced money to Jno. B. Broadfoot, Executor of Mrs. Marcellus Waddill, for the purpose of paying the purchase money for the house on Dick Street, Fayetteville, N. C., which Mrs. M. Waddill formerly lived and died; and in this action will attempt to enforce the repayment to him of the money so paid by sale of the premises, (house on Dick Street), when he shall have acquired his purchase money lien on the said premises, allowed by law in the foregoing action now pending in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C. THOS. H. SUTTON,
Defendant's Attorney.
May 29, 1884. 69-2t

Clipper! Clipper! Clipper!

EVERY PLOW guaranteed or money refunded. The best Plow that has yet been sold in this market. Call and examine the plows and various attachments that we have. The universal opinion as to their merit is: "If you haven't got one buy one and you will say it's the best Plow you have ever stuck in the ground."

We mean business. H. H. H.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

A Rare Chance.

A FEW fine and pure bred "RED IRISH SETTERS," from the handsomest and best field stock in the world. Address

LOCK BOX, 86,
Greensboro, N. C.
May 22, 1884. 68tf

STRAP AND T HINGES;
BLIND do.
BUTT do.
HOOK AND EYE do.
H H. H.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

VICHY WATER.

ASK ALMOST ANY DEALER IN MINeral waters, in the larger cities, which water is most salable, and he will answer "Vichy," the celebrated Alkaline Water.

The following, with reference to it, is from a work on Mineral Waters. "Agreeable and serviceable in cases of indigestion, congestion of the liver, gravel, gout, rheumatism, &c."

On draught at Drug Store of
H. R. HORNE.
May 22, 1884. 68-tf

MOLASSES, SYRUPS and SUGAR; Laguyra, Java and Rio Coffees,
For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE,
MECKLENBURG CO., N. C.,
1884-'85.

The next session opens THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11.

For Catalogues apply to the CLERK OF THE FACULTY.
May 22, 1884. 68-3mpd

RIM KNOB LOCKS, by retail or wholesale, at
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL!

MY ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS GOODS

Is far greater than ever, and

WILL BE SOLD 15 PER CENT BELOW LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Also, Velvet Carpet 30 Inches Wide, Heavy 3-ply Carpet 36 Inches Wide, Oil Carpeting 108 Inches Wide, 4-4 Bleaching and 12-4 Sheeting of the best brands; 8-4 a 72 inch Bedticking, &c., at
S. BRANDT'S.

Ladies' Shoes of the Best
Quality, at S. BRANDT'S.

THE BEST STYLES OF
SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING,
FOR GENTLEMEN,
From the "Excelsior Clothing Company," of Boston. Also, Youths' and School-boys' Suits, at
S. BRANDT'S.
May 22, 1884. 68-3t

BORING MACHINES, AUGERS and GIMLETS,
At H. H. H.

LAWRENCE & MALLETT,
FRUIT AND PRODUCE,
Commission Merchants,
22 NINTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

Refer to Murchison & Co., New York; North River Bank, New York; J. A. Guion, Cashier, National Bank, New Berne, N. C.

Consignments of Fruit, Berries and Vegetables solicited. Remittances made day of sale.
May 15, 1884. 67-1m

CHISELS, SCREWS, HAND SAWS, &c. H. H. H.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published every Thursday at 26 and 28 Hay Street, (Brandt's Hall.)

THURSDAY.....JUNE 5, 1884.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.
Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.—JOHN C. HAIGH—Meeting Gas Company.
DR. J. C. AYER & Co—Ayer's Ague Cure.
T. M. ROBERTSON.—Pleasant Lodge Academy.
McMILLAN BROS.—Cooking Stoves, Oil Stoves, &c

ABOUT TOWN.

EQUESTRIANISM.—Horse back riding is getting to be quite the fashion with our gay lads and lassies.

DON'T FORGET.—Don't forget the Hospital meeting this afternoon at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

CHEAPER TELEGRAPHING.—Another effect of the recent railroad and telegraph extension is cheaper rates for telegraphing. Hereafter the rates to Petersburg and Richmond, Va., will be 40 and 3 instead of 50 and 3; and to Wilmington 30 and 1 instead of 40 and 3.

PROCEEDINGS OF COURT.—Owing to a legal point as to the drawing of the jury being raised, many cases were continued on the Slate docket this term. The civil docket was taken up on Monday, but, being large, it will probably be impossible to finish it this week.

UNION HOME AND HOSPITAL.—We have many inquiries from our friends living in the country as to sending contributions to the Home and Hospital. We will be glad to receive any help in the way of money or supplies. Eggs, butter, meat, poultry, meal, &c., &c., will be always acceptable in large or small quantities.

PROGRESSIVE FARMING.—Our live young friend, Mr. Weldon Huske, has just gotten one of Bradley's Improved Mowers and Reapers combined. It does its work nobly and well, and is a great saving of labor. The old fashioned handle cradle and scythe will soon be things of the past in this section.

CHERRIES.—Cherries are being brought to our market from orchards near town, but are very high. Our housekeepers, though, will rejoice to learn that the crop along the western line of the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad is very heavy, and as large shipments of them will be made to this place they will soon be plentiful and cheap.

PAINT YOUR HOUSES IN THE NEW COLORS.—We learn that our Druggists (all of whom sell paints ready mixed,) not only have cards exhibiting different shades of colors, but have books showing all styles of houses painted in the fashionable colors, so that a person can form a very correct idea, not only what is the latest style, but just what colors will suit his building.

THE EXCURSION TO RED SPRINGS.—We understand that a large crowd will participate in the Odd Fellows' excursion to the Red Springs this week. The Railroad accommodations will be comfortable, the fare cheap, the spot visited beautiful, and arrangements by the committee in charge both for caring for and controlling the crowd, excellent. We advise all who can to go.

ANTIDOTE FOR THE FARMERS.—We were informed by a gentleman who is posted in such matters, that the present outlook is a bad one for heavy corn crops out West this season, the recent frosts and ice having done great damage to corn, and it is too late to replant successfully in that section. Our farmers will do well to heed this, as a crop of corn will mature in this part of the country after the cutting of wheat and oats.

PERSONAL.—Mr. J. R. Lee has returned from visiting relations in Virginia, and we are glad to say he reports himself much improved by his trip.

Mr. E. T. Boykin, a prominent lawyer of Clinton, has been attending this term of court here.

Dr. T. M. Hunter will be absent in attendance on the State Dental Convention at Raleigh, from June 15th to 30th.

GREENSBORO SUNDAY SCHOOL EXCURSION.—We learn that the Presbyterian Sunday School here expects to invite the Presbyterian Sunday School of Greensboro to participate in a pic-nic to be given by the Fayetteville school very soon. The pic-nic will be held in the beautiful and shady church yard grounds of the Presbyterian church in this place.

We have since learned from Superintendent Morrison, that the Greensboro Presbyterian school will arrive on an extra excursion train on Wednesday next at 11 A. M., to remain all day.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The foundations for Mr. D. M. McDonald's new house are being rapidly laid by the busy workmen of Messrs. Wright, who have the contract for building it, and we learn that as soon as that is finished, they are to build two neat cottages for Messrs. Heman Hall and A. S. Huske, on their lots on Dick street.

Mr. Duncan Rose is putting the finishing touches to his neat and cosy office on Green street.

Mr. Daniel McMillan has enclosed the Whitehead residence lately bought by him, with a neat fence.

The comfortable residence of Mrs. Jno. H. Cook, has been thoroughly repaired and handsomely painted.

Riding towards Tokay one connot but be struck with the improved looks of things along the road. Among other places we noticed the painting of residence and whitewashing of fence, &c., on and around the comfortable home and farm of Mr. Geo. W. Lawrence.

THE REV. DR. HUSKE.—The Washington *Gazette*, in the following sketch of the pastor of St. John's, truly says that he is a conspicuous exception to the rule of the proverb that a prophet is not without honor save in his own country. Says the *Gazette:*

Dr. Huske, for not a few years a most prominent member of the convention of the Diocese of North Carolina before "division," is now the leader, perhaps, among the clergy of the convention in the new Diocese. He was born and raised in Fayetteville. His first work as a minister was done at Morganton. After the death of the Rev. Mr. Buxton, who had been for many years the beloved rector of St. John's church, Fayetteville—himself a leader among men—Dr. Huske was called to the rectorship of the parish, and has now for 30 years served there, at his home and among his kindred, being a conspicuous exception to the rule of the proverb, "a prophet is not without honor, even in his own country, and among his own men." Dr. Huske is known, loved and trusted by the whole town of Fayetteville, without respect of creed, condition or color. He was for some years a Deputy to the Gen'l Convention before the division of the Diocese, and is now honored in the same way by the convention of East Carolina. The degree of doctor of divinity was conferred by the University of North Carolina. He was largely spoken of in connection with the election to the Episcopate of East Carolina; and all feel that the Diocese would have been safe in his hands.

NEW ROLLING STOCK.—By invitation of Superintendent Morrison and Mr. Glenn of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, we last week inspected the new coaches lately received by this road. There are two first and two second class couches and one baggage, express and mail car. These cars are fitted up in elegant style. The seats are wide and comfortable; the arrangements for ventilation are of the latest pattern. The wood-work of the interior is of polished light woods in the Eastlake style, most of the material being ash. Everything about these cars is modern as to style, combining strength with lightness, and they are hardly inferior to the cars of the Pennsylvania Railroad between New York and Philadelphia. They all have the improved pattern of hand brakes and are so built that air brakes can be fitted to them if desired. While at the depot we noticed new movable gates around the platform, so arranged that they can be raised and lowered to exclude the crowd when desired.

A KIND REMEMBRANCE.—That generous spirit which prompted the ladies of this town to establish the Union Home and Hospital has, we are glad to learn, received marks of appreciative and substantial encouragement even from a far distant State. One of Fayetteville's fairest daughters who has devoted her life to the care of "the suffering and sick," and who is at present engaged in hospital service, appreciating as she does the great good and grand results of such work, has recently written expression of her gratification at its establishment, and unasked, contributes her generous donation to aid in sustaining and prosecuting this noble charity.

The following are the contributions for the month of May:

2 marseilles quilts; 1 cord of wood; 1 quilt; 3 pillow cases and 1 bolster case; vegetables; 1 peck peas and lettuce; 1 gallon strawberries; garden peas and Irish potatoes; 2 qts strawberries; garden peas, onions and Irish potatoes; 2 qts strawberries; cake, turnips, onions, beets and Irish potatoes; 1 peck snap beans; Irish potatoes, greens, peas, onions, beet and turnips; turnips, cake, onions and Irish potatoes; 1 peck peas; cake, beets, onions, Irish potatoes and turnips.

CRACK MARKMANSHIP.—On Friday afternoon last some of the best rifle shots in town held a match on their 200 yards range down at Cross Creek. The prize shot for was a handsome silver waiter. The shooting was so fine, and knowing that it was never beaten in this State, we give the scores below. As will be seen some of the chances were shot for other persons, and some of the markesmen shot chances together:

W. E. Jordan.	4	4	5	4	5—22
E. L. Pemberton,	5	5	4	5	4—23
D. Jones,	3	4	4	4	4—19
W. C. McDuffie, Jr.,	5	4	4	4	4—21
Dr. J. W. McNeill,	4	4	4	4	4—20
J. B. Broadfoot,	4	4	4	4	4—20
J. L. Prior,	4	4	4	4	3—19
James Vann,	5	4	4	4	4—21
E. L. Pemberton,	5	4	4	4	4—21
W. C. McDuffie, Jr.,	4	4	4	4	4—20
Dr. J. W. McNeill,	3	4	5	4	5—21
J. B. Broadfoot,	4	4	4	4	4—20
E. L. P. and W. E. J.,	5	4	5	4	5—23
J. B. B. and W. C. McD.,	4	4	4	5	4—21
W. E. Jordan,	3	4	4	4	4—19
J. B. B. and E. L. P.,	4	4	3	4	4—19
J. B. B. for Tomlinson,	5	5	4	5	4—23
J. B. B. for Campbell,	5	4	4	4	4—21

RESULT OF THE TIE.

E. L. Pemberton,	4	5	4	3	4—20
W. E. Jordan,	4	4	4	4	4—20
J. B. Broadfoot,	4	5	4	4	5—22

SCORE FOR SWEEPSTAKES.

E. L. Pemberton,	4	4	5	4	4—21
J. B. Broadfoot,	4	5	5	4	5—23
W. C. McDuffie, Jr.,	5	4	4	4	3—20
W. E. Jordan,	4	3	4	4	5—20

The target that was shot at on this occasion attracted much attention. The general verdict was that the shooting was much above the average of amateurs. In 125 shots there was made twenty-seven 5's, ninety 4's and eight 3's.

THE STEAMER WAVE.—In common with their numerous other friends, we regret to hear of Capt. W. A. Robeson's and his brother's loss by the sinking of their steamer near Wilmington last week. But we were glad to hear that it is thought the larger part of the cargo is saved, and that the boat can be raised without great expense. The reported drowning of the colored cook, Ned Beebe, is a sad feature of the accident.

From the Wilmington *Review* of Monday evening we learn later particulars of the disaster, as follows:

The steamer *Wave*, Capt. Robinson, capsized in the Cape Fear at Wanet's Landing, 5 o'clock yesterday morning, while on her way from Fayetteville to this city, and three of those on board were drowned. The circumstances were as follows:

In coming round a curve in the river, near that place, the speed of the boat caused her to careen so that her outside guard was under the water. This caused the cargo, which consisted of between 400 and 500 barrels of rosin and spirits of turpentine, to ship to that side, the weight of which capsized the boat. Those drowned were Empie Hill, a passenger, Lucy Brewington, colored, a passenger, and Ned Beebe, colored, cook. The accident happened at an hour when all the passengers and those of the crew not employed were asleep in their berths, and all those came very near being lost. The other passengers were Messrs. Edward Lilly and E. D. Burkhimer of this city, Mr. Buchanan, of Charleston, S. C. and Miss Shepherd, aged about 14 years. Mr. Lilly was badly bruised and was saved with considerable difficulty. Messrs. Buchanan and Burkhimer came very near drowning and were saved only by superhuman efforts. Miss Shepherd was in eminent peril, but she maintained the most perfect composure and coolness throughout the trying ordeal through which she was compelled to pass with an almost inevitable death staring her in the face. The door of her stateroom was locked and it was some time, and not until the water had reached above her waist, before she was rescued by the determined efforts of Capt. Robeson. After the accident Capt. Robeson started and walked to this city, reaching here at about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and gave the first intelligence of the disaster. The steamtug *Wm. Nyce* was immediately sent to the scene and returned about 10 o'clock that night with the passengers. The dredging boat was sent up this morning to render such assistance in raising the *Ware* and securing the cargo as may be necessary.

THE MAGISTRATES AND COMMISSIONERS.—Section 716 of the revised code says:

The justices of the peace for each county on the first Monday in June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and on the first Monday in June every two years thereafter, shall assemble at the court houses of their respective counties, and a majority being present shall proceed to the election of not less than three nor more than five persons, to be chosen from the body of the county, who shall be styled the board of commissioners for the county of ——, and shall hold their offices for two years from the date of their qualification, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified. They shall be qualified by taking the oath of office before the clerk of the Superior Court or some judge or justice of the peace, and the register of deeds shall be *ex officio* clerk of the board of commissioners.

In accordance with this law, the justices of the peace of this County met at the court house on Monday and elected on the first ballot Messrs. T. G. Hall, W. C. McDuffie, A. A, McCaskill, N. R. Blue and W. J. Kelly (the present Board) as the Board of County Commissioners for Cumberland County.

Duncan Shaw, Esq., was unanimously re-elected chairman of the Board of Magistrates.

The magistrates and commissioners in joint meeting then proceeded to levy a tax for the current year as follows:

TAX LEVY FOR 1884.

For schools	12½
" interest on Bonds	24
" Old debt	19
" Current expenses	29½
" Bridge	5
	90 cents
Poll tax	$2.15

A special tax of 25 cents on the $100 was levied on those portions of Flea Hill and Gray's Creek Townships which have adopted the no-fence law, for keeping in order the boundary fences of said districts.

The joint board—the Commissioners sitting as a board of education—then elected Mr. H McD. Robinson as County Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The Magistrates then elected as the Finance Committee, Messrs. Charles Haigh, J. A. McArthur and W. B. Draughon.

And the following gentlemen a sinking fund committee to take charge of the taxes collected for redeeming the bonds issued for establishing a Free Bridge across the Cape Fear at Fayetteville, viz: Messrs. H. R. Horne, R. S. Huske, W. T. Taylor.

"BELMONT THEATRE COMIQUE."—As stated in the hand bills, "The Unrivalled B. B. B's" did appear in "all their glory" in "an entirely original and appreciative amalgamation of immensely immense artistic acting," at Belmont Academy on Friday evening last. Curiosity caused the house to be filled to overflowing, and if we can judge of their success by the continued amusement and applause of the audience, then we can say as stated in the aforesaid handbills, that there was "a perfect pasture of merit, where the wild flowers of talent blossom in the sunshine of success and the dew of appreciative genius."

It would be useless to attempt to give a description of the scenes, but the entertainment was thoroughly enjoyable and good for the digestion. That we may "laugh and grow fat" an occasional diversion of this kiad is by no means amiss.

OTHER IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Geo. Brandt has had the old pavement in front of his handsome store taken up and replaced by a new one, thus establishing a precedent it would be well for many of our merchants to follow, as the pavements on most of the streets are almost past endurance.

Mr. Willard Tillinghast has carried an inch pipe from the main water log to a point near where Mr. Wright is putting up the McDonald house on Gillespie street, thus avoiding delay or trouble in getting a supply of water for mixing mortar.

We notice that further down this street Jas. R. McNeill and Thos. Whitfield are putting up new fences in front of their comfortable home places.

A VETERAN BRIDGE BUILDER.—We have had occasion before to commend the work of Capt. S. J. Walton, the veteran bridge builder of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway. Old residents remember him with pleasure as the head of the firm of Walton & Barry of this town. He is probably the best builder of railroad bridges in the South, and he not only builds well but rapidly. On the occasion of the excursion to Raft Swamp at the Stockholders' meeting a month ago, he drove piling for 175 feet of trestle and finished the trestle as he progressed, in 8½ hours.

LIST OF LETTERS.—The following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled-for in the Fayetteville post-office for the past week. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say, Advertised.

A—G T Adams; Dallas Alstan.
B—Miss Emma Beard; Mrs Mary Bayons; Juda Burns; C W Bowen.
C—Maria Cand; Wm Caventier; Miss Minnie Cogdell; Mrs Sallie Cogdell.
D—A Davis; Killen Deal.
F—Nancy Freeman.
G—Mrs Polly Guins; Miss Attie Gilmore.
H—Miss Nella Hendricks; J S Henderson; Gilford Horn; A Horn.
J—J W Jones.
K—Rob't Kelly.
L—Anderson Legran; W H Latta.
M—M H D Mints; Sallie Moore; Thos Michel.
S—Miss Isabella Smith; Miss Lizzie Smith; E Shafer.
T—Mrs S E Taylor.
V—Miss Vancy Vuckley.
W—Mrs Eliza Walker; J S Williford; Jas West; Miss Laura J Williams.
Mc—Miss Anna McGill; Neill McNair; Eanda McKay.

[From the Columbia South Carolinian.]

The Ruins of Columbia to those of Portland.

BY FANNIE DOWNING.

How feel you, toppled from your height,
And black and ruined with the blight
Which fire leaves as his signal stamp
Where'er his crimson cohorts tramp?
How felt you when the warning knell
Upon your frightened city fell,
And women's shrieks and children's cries
Went pealing up to the ensanguined skies?
How felt you when the fiery stream
Lit up pale faces, sick with fear,
Or rigid in their wild despair?
Our's is the right to question so,
For all that fire can do, we know
By fierce experience—fire whose birth
Sprang up from demons loosed on earth!
We looked upon a fearful sight
When on that bitter winter's night,
A brutal General gave command:
"Burn down Columbia," sword in hand,
His willing soldiers forward sprang
And soon the defenceless city rang
With cries and curses, prayers and groans,
And crashing roofs and falling stones,
And soldier's yells of wild desire,
Commingling in a sea of fire,
Which burned and blazed, and raged and roared,
As fast its molten torrent poured,
On church and convent, store and street,
In billows of devouring heat.
Far from the doom, they could not stay,
The afflicted Angels fled away,
While powers of darkness burst their chain,
And sin and Satan reigned again.
Meanwhile they pilfered—warriors bold—
All that was precious, gems and gold,
All priceless pictures, books as rare—
Wrenched jewels out of woman's ear—
Snatched diamond rings from fingers slight—
Took silken robes and ribbons bright,
Nay, stole—as many a mother knows—
A new-born baby's tiny clothes!
Brave Knights! how high their pride must mount
As they these doughty deeds recount
To listening school marms, and display
The trophies which they bore away,
And find their soup—those valiant loons—
Is better sipped from stolen spoons!
And sights we saw to thrill one through,
And prove what woman's pride can do.
Composed amid such frightful scenes
Our women stood, so many queens,
And though the cheeks were wan and pale,
Their flashing eyes made cowards quail.
And showed them, in their strength sublime,
The daughters of our Southern clime!
We saw the proudest of our land,
Beside their blazing mansions stand,
And with a scorn no words can show,
Hurl back defiance to the foe.
"Go on, vile wretches, steal and slay,
Our brave Confederates are away,
So you, who fly their sabre's flash,
Like howling hounds before the lash,
May war on women at your will,
And wreak your fiendish malice—still
The day of reckoning dawns on high;
Wade Hampton and his chivalry
Will pay our debt!" They paid it well,
As many a Northern home can tell!
We heard the white veiled novice shriek
Within her convent cell, then seek
The Virgin's aid with stifled breath,
To 'scape from insult worse than death!
We saw old men, who frantic stood,
Their snowy locks besmeared with blood,
Striving to form a shelter veil,
For some death-stricken infant pale,
Beat down and trampled by the throng,
With mocking curse and obscene song!
And one we saw, who, late had been
As pure as dew-drops, when their sheen
Beleeks the rosebud's pearly brow
With crystalline perfection, now
A gibbering idiot, mouth and smile
And chatter like a little child
Her brave boy brother near her lay,
Gasping his murdered life away.
We saw the holy priest struck down
Beside the altar, while around
The ruffian soldiery pressing up,
Filled high the eucharistic cup
With sacramental wine, then drained
From hands with human blood all stained.
Would that the Saviour's plea might win
Forgiveness for the heinous sin,
And for the accursed wretches plead
Their ignorance of the impious deed—
They knew full well the work they wrought
And acknowledge fresh enjoyment brought!
Such sights we saw that awful night,
And yet from our exalted height
Of desolation we can throw
A pity for your puny woe—
Contemptuous pity! All the fame
That Portland knows, from money came,
And all she lost by wreck or pain,
Mere money can buy back again.
No grand, historic past is yours—
No future, glowing with the stores
Of glorious memories—in decay,
You and your city pass away.
While as the coming ages gleam,
COLUMBIA'S woes shall be the theme
Of song and story; bards shall tell
How the fair Southern City fell,
Fell but to rise, and blazing shine,
Again upon the brow of Time!

July 14, 1865.

DIED.

MCARTAN—At Pine Forest, Harnett County, N. C., May 8th, 1884, Mr. NEILL MCARTAN, in the 37th year of his age, leaving a beloved wife and three little ones to mourn his loss. Mr. McArtan was a member of the Presbyterian Church, a godly man of whom it may be truthfully said that he adorned the doctrine of Christ, his Saviour. He was greatly esteemed and loved, and will be sadly missed.

Servant of God, well done,
Rest from thy loved employ;
The battle fought, the victory won,
Enter thy Master's joy.

The voice at midnight came;
He started up to hear;
A mortal arrow pierced his frame;
He fell, but felt no fear.

The pains of death are past;
Labor and service cease,
And life's long warfare closed at last,
His soul is found in peace.

ONE WHO LOVED HIM.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EVERY BOTTLE OF SHRINER'S INDIAN Vermifuge is guaranteed to give satisfaction if used according to directions.

Observe the Day Appointed.

On the 17th of June will occur, at New Orleans, the Grand Extraordinary Drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, under the control of Genl's Beauregard and Early, when $523,500 will be distributed. See full scheme elsewhere, or apply to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.

PRETTY HARD ON WORMS.

RIDGEWAY, S. C.

Messrs. Boykin, Carmer & Co.—Gents: I have quite a demand for your "WORM KILLER." It is the best Vermifuge I can get. A farmer bought a bottle of me a few weeks ago, gave one dose to his child; came in next day with a 'chow-chow' jar filled with worms, the result of one dose. Since then all want it. W. J. DAVIS.

Mr. H. M. McDonald, of Lagrange, N. C., says, "Dr. Boykin's WORM KILLER" brought over 100 worms from one child in his neighborhood; and that it gives universal satisfaction. He sells more of it than all other worm medicine.

Enquire for the above and no other.
All first-class Drug Stores and General Dealers keep it.
March 5, 1884. 57-3m

MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY WILL CURE YOU AND FAYETTEVILLE DRUGGISTS KEEP IT.

LOST!

A CHILD'S GOLD NECKLACE with Coral head at the fastening. A liberal reward will be paid if the necklace is left at this office.
June 5, 1884. 1t

Fayetteville Market.

CORRECTED BY
CHARLES HAIGH,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

N. C. BACON—		North Carolina	75@80
Hog Round,	11½@12	Northern,	1.00@1.25
Sides,	12@00	HIDES—	
Hams,	13@14	Flint—good	10@00
WEST. BULK MEATS—		" damaged.	5@7
Sides,	9½@10½	Dry Salt,	9@00
Shoulders,	8@8½	Green,	5@50
WESTERN BACON—		IRON—	
Sides,	11@12	American,	3½@4
Hams,	17@00	Swedes,	5@6
Shoulders,	9½@10	LARD—	
BAGGING—	9@10	North Carolina,	10a12
BEEF—		Western,	10@12
On foot,	3@3½	LEATHER—	
Dressed,	6@7	Upper,	35@40
BEESWAX—	20@22	Sole,	00@00
BUTTER—		Harness,	28@32
North Carolina,	20@25	MOLASSES—	35@45
Northern,	35@40	NAILS—	
COFFEE—		10 penny—basis	$3.25
Java,	20@30	PORK—	6½@7
Rio,	12½@15	POTATOES—	
COTTON YARN—	1.00	Sweet,	@50
COTTON TIES	1.65a2.00	Irish, bush	$1.10@1.20
CHICKENS—	15@25	SALT—	1.10@0.00
EGGS—	13@14	SUGARS—	
FLOUR—		Coffee,	7@8½
N. C. Fam.	$4.75@0.00	Granulated,	9@10
Wes. Fam.	4.75@6.50	SHEETINGS—	7½@00
FODDER—	75@1.00	SHUCKS—	65@75
GRAIN—		TALLOW—	5@6
Corn,	90@00	WOOL—	18@00
Oats,	60@00	SPIRITS—	
Rye,	1.00@00	Corn Whiskey,	2.05
Pease,	1.50@00	Rye Whiskey,	4.00
HAY—		Apple Brandy,	3.00

Fayetteville Naval Stores Market.

Crude Turpentine—	
Hard	$ 80@0 00
Yellow Dip	$1.60
Virgin Dip	$1.75
Spirits	26@00 cents.
Rosin, Strained to Pale	90@2 75.

COTTON MARKET.

CORRECTED BY
A. E. RANKIN & CO.
DEALERS IN
COTTON, NAVAL STORES, &c

Middling	11@0
Low Middling	00@00
Ordinary.	00@00
Stained	00@00

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, June 2—4 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was quoted dull at 29 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—The market was quoted dull at $1.00 for Strained and 1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR—The market was firm at $1.10 per bbl. of 280 lbs. with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady with sales reported at $1.00 for Hard and $1.75 for Yellow Dip.

TIMBER—☞ M feet—Extra Heart (first class yellow pine), $13.00, 13.50@14.00; Prime Shipping (first class heart), 12.00@13.00; Extra Mill (good heart) $8.50, $9.00@$10.00; Mill Prime, $7.50@8.00; Common Mill $4.00@$4.50; Inferior to Ordinary, $3.50@$4.00—*Wil. Star.*

CAN BE FOUND —AT— McMillan Bros.,
IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR
LARGE SELECTION OF
COOKING STOVES,
OIL STOVES,
Ice Cream Freezers,
WATER COOLERS,
SPONGE, HIP and INFANT BATH TUBS,
TIN TOILET SETS,
GALVANIZED WELL & WATER BUCKETS,
BLOCK TIN-WARE,
GRANITE IRON-WARE
BRASS and ENAMELED PRESERVING KETTLES,
STEP LADDERS,
TERRA COTTA CHIMNEY FLUES AND TOPS,
Drive Wells and Garden Pumps,
CHIP SKIMMERS, ROSIN DIPPERS,
WHEEL-BARROWS, &c.
CALL AND SEE US!
McMILLAN BROS.
June 5, 1884. 70tf

Gas Company.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Fayetteville Gas Light Company will be held at the office of E. L. Pemberton, Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock A. M., June 12th, 1884.
JOHN C. HAIGH, Sec'y.
June 5, 1884. 1t

Pleasant Lodge Academy and Business Institute.

FALL SESSION OPENS AUG. 5th, 1884.
This is a first-class School for boys and girls.
BUSINESS COLLEGE COURSE
only $15.00. Good community. Expenses for five months $30 to $50. Vocal Music and Penmanship *free*. For catalogue address
T. M. ROBERTSON, Principal,
Liberty, Randolph County, N. C.
June 5, 1884. 70 4t

SUMMER GOODS.

FRUIT JARS—pints, quarts and half gals.
Ice Cream Freezers, the "Rapid."
Ice Cream Plates—china, glass and ironstone.
Milk Bowls and Pans—various kinds.
Milk Buckets, Cups and Strainers.
Stone Churns, Jars and Crocks.
Preserving Kettles—brass, agate and porcelain lined.
Fluting Machines; Fly Traps.
Brass Bound Pails and Covered Cans.
Brooms—especially "the Ladies' broom.", at 35 cts.; Tubs; Clothes Pins.
Mouse Traps; Whisk Brooms.
Window Shades.
Tin Wash Stand Sets, very cheap.
The attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS is called to the above, also to a good assortment of CHEAP CROCKERY and GLASS, TIN WARE, COMMON PAILS, SIEVES, POCKET KNIVES and KNIVES and FORKS, SPOONS, RAZORS, SHEARS and SCISSORS, &c., all of which will be sold at prices that will pay them to buy.
Every sharp dealer who tries it finds that it pays him to buy out of the large VARIETY of goods that I offer in small quantities as he needs them, rather than one class of goods in larger lots from the North, as my experience enables me to offer my specialties at prices about as low as ordinary buyers can put them down here.
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
May 29, 1884. 69-4t

TRUSTING that we are to be blessed with an abundant crop this season, and that our most sanguine expectations will be realized in the large grain crop now upon us, we offer the best 5 and 6 Fingered Grain Cradles.
For further information call at
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.
Known as A. S. HUSKE & CO,

Established 50 Years.

GOLDEN KEY

ESTABLISHED FAYETTEVILLE, N.C.
WARREN, PRIOR & SON
THE JEWELERS.

GOLDEN KEY

REAL BARGAINS IN LADIES' SATCHELS AND POCKET BOOKS, at PRIOR'S.

AN EXTENSIVE LINE OF GOODS SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS, At PRIOR'S,

INVITE ORDERS FOR THE BEST SILVER PLATED KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS, CASTERS, &c., SOLID SILVER FORKS, SPOONS, CUPS, BUTTER KNIVES, &c.

The largest line of CLOCKS, at PRIOR'S.
Spectacles that will improve your sight at PRIOR'S.
PRIORS
Engagement and Wedding Rings, at PRIOR'S.
Casters and the largest line of Solid & Silver Plated Ware, at PRIOR'S.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 30, 1884. 65tf

AT DYE'S

YOU CAN FIND THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF

Millinery and Fancy Goods
IN THE STATE.

Hats, Bonnets, Neckwear, Corsets, Gloves, Fichus, Collaretts, Ribbons, Laces, Parasols, Chemises, Night Gowns, Shirts, Hosiery, Hair Goods, Plated, Gilt and Jet Jewelry, Flowers, Feathers, Wreaths, Satins, Silks, Velvets, Flannels, Veils—all kinds, Fans, Scarfs, Ladies' and Children's Handkerchiefs, Hair Brushes, Needles, Pins, Buttons, Embroidery, Silk, Zephyr, Canvas, Bustles, Hoop Skirts, Paper, Envelopes, &c.
NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK CHEAP FOR CASH, AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AT 17 HAY STREET.

Fayetteville, April 23, 1884. 64tf

NOTICE.

I respectfully announce to the public that I am in my new store and will keep a good stock of

Grain and Groceries.

To be sold at reasonable prices to suit the times.
E. T. McKETHAN,
McKETHAN BUILDING,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Feb'y 13, 1884. 54t

McNEILL'S MUSIC STORE.

The Holidays have not exhausted our supply of

ORGANS.

Handsome PIANOS just received. Rich in finish, brilliant in tone.
SMALL INSTRUMENTS of every kind constantly on hand.
MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC.
MUSIC ordered at any time.
Fayetteville, Jan'y 23, 1884. 51tf

PEMBERTON'S.

J. A. PEMBERTON

HAS just returned from his SECOND visit to the Northern Markets, and is NOW RECEIVING a beautiful line of New Style

Dress Goods!

Some very handsome.
New Style
WHITE and FANCY EMBROIDERED DRESSES, WITH TRIMMINGS ALL COMPLETE.
A great variety of beautiful
Spring and Summer Silks
IN ALL THE NEW SHADES.
Embroideries and Laces
IN GREAT VARIETY.
LADIES' SILK UMBRELLETTES AND PARASOLS,
in all shades.
Call early and see the New Novelties of the season. These Goods were bought since the great DECLINE IN PRICES, and will be sold at GREAT BARGAINS. Come and see us!
J. A. PEMBERTON.
May 15, 1884. 67tf

A CARD.

TO THE VOTERS OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

I BEG LEAVE HEREWITH TO ANNOUNCE myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of the County of Cumberland, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the nominating Convention. Appreciating the high responsibility of the position in question, I pledge myself should I be honored with the suffrages of my fellow citizens, to devote my best services to the faithful performance of its duties.
J. B. SMITH.
May 22, 1884. 68-tf

SUNNYSIDE NURSERY.

ALL kinds of bedding plants, Coleus, Geraniums, &c., at 10 cents each or $8.00 per 100. All kinds of Greenhouse Plants very cheap and in best possible condition.
Call and see or send orders to
J. M. LAMB, Sunnyside,
Fayetteville, N. C.
May 15, 1884 67-1y

GAMBRIL'S PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE FLOUR, kept constantly by us.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.

JUST RECEIVED!

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

1 HOGSHEAD GUINNESS'S BROWN STOUT.
20,000 CIGARS.
A Lot of High and Low Grades TOBACCO.
W. J. McDONALD, JR.,
Green Street.
May 7, 1884. 66tf

B. I. HOWZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SANFORD, MOORE COUNTY, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Moore and Chatham Counties, and to collections and other pertinent business.
May 15, 1884. 67-6t

WOOL CARDING.

HAVING recently purchased at the North and put in operation in my Merchant Mill a complete set of

Wool Carding Machinery,

I am prepared to give satisfaction to all of my country friends who want such work done.

MY MACHINERY IS FIRST-CLASS,

of new design, and turns out work that I KNOW WILL PLEASE.
Prompt attention paid to the wants of customers, and prices reasonable. Send me your work, and I will guarantee satisfaction as to quantity, quality and price.
BEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WOOL, AND WOOL ROLLS FOR SALE.
JAS. D. MCNEILL.
Fayetteville, April 23, 1884. 64tf

Mrs. Sylvanus Reed's
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies,
Nos. 6 and 8 East Fifty-Third Street, New York.

THE Collegiate Course of study is equivalent to that of school of arts in established Colleges, and a better preparation for the future lives of women. Studies elective after first year.
Primary and preparatory classes receive faithful and careful training. French and German languages and literature a prominent feature of the school. Every pupil is under the personal supervision of Mrs Reed. The sanitary arrangements of the building are unsurpassed and Mrs. Reed mentions with gratitude that since the foundation of the school there has never been a death among the Boarding Scholars nor a case of serious illness.
The 21st year will begin October 1st, 1884.
April 30, 1884. 65-6m

Time's Changes.

Spring days of old were warm and long—
They're longer now, and colder—
The world once liked a merry song;
It's sadder now, and older.

The fairies and the merry elves
Are shy and discontented;
They'd sense enough to hide themselves
When east winds were invented.

When songs they sang were sad at all
It was a cherry sadness;
The songs we write, if glad at all,
Express a solemn gladness.

Our smile is but a chastened grin,
Our fathers laughed and meant it;
And when they sinned some jovial sin
They left us to repent it.

—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

Closing Exercises at Union Home School —Col. Martin's Address.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

MOORE COUNTY, May 27, 1884.

MR. EDITOR:—The closing exercises at Union Home School remind us more of a college commencement than an academical exhibition. The public have always appreciated this occasion, and are not loth to lend their eyes and ears for the time, and they come joyful, eager and expectant.

A signal at 9.45 immediately called the school to a body in the campus. A procession was then formed by columns of two, male and female, led by the Principal with his two efficient assistants on the flanks, and about eighty glad and light-hearted youths filed in at two doors of that beautiful and spacious school building and took seats upon the stage.

A curious audience gazed at the stage, for esthetic nature and art are not without their votaries, even in Moore county, and like Rip after his long nap, who went from the smooty village back to the strange and populous city, many of the spectators had to look upon an Art Exhibit after a long and peaceful sleep, infused into their blood in rudely constructed log school houses, and in the company of rusty urchins and limber birches.

The academy was magnificently decorated. Upon the centre of the stage was the piano, upon the top of which stood Psyche, the Goddess of Music, around whose head, hanging from the walls in curved arch, were pictures of the speakers who had addressed the school for the last half dozen years, executed in crayon, by the advanced class in drawing. A blue bunting was suspended from the ceiling in front, which reflected a mild and delicate light upon this beautiful and well arranged decoration.

After the audience had been seated, Prof. Kelly made a few explanations, and the exercises were opened.

PROGRAMME.

Song—Devotional—One Day Nearer Home, Whole School.

PRAYER.

Declamation—"The Old," A. H. McFadyen.
Selections from Martha—Ins. Duet, Master E. L. McNeill and Miss Mollie Graham.
March—(Organ) Miss E. R. Cole.
Declamation—"Employment," J. M. McRae.
Aurora Waltz—Ins. Trio, Misses Della Camp bell, Nannie Muse and Ella Cole.
Dream Myrch—(Organ) J. B. Watson.
Declamation—"Choice," Charles Caddell.
Innocence March—Ins. Trio, Misses Emma L. McLeod, Georgia McFadyen and Flora Muse.
Paradise Polka—Ins. Duet, Messrs. J. B. Watson and D. McL. Dillon.
Declamation—"An Address to Youth," J. W. Barber.
Welcoming Hope—Vocal Duet, Misses Sinclair and McIver.
Don Giovanni—Ins. Duet, Misses McKeithen and Wadsworth.
Declamation—"The Batchelor," S. W. Caddell.
Der Frieschatz—Ins. Duet, Misses Maggie and Lizzie Arnold.
Merrily Sings the Lark—Vocal Trio, Misses D. Campbell, N. Muse and Mary Ferguson.
Declamation—"Glory," Xenophon McDiarmid.
Coronation Grand March—(Prophete) Misses Bella Campbell and Maggie Ferguson.
L'Intrepide—Miss V. W. Renaldi.
Declamation—"Utility," W. C. Sullivan.
Favorite Polonaise—Ins. Duet, Misses Sinclair and McIver.
Declamation—Vance on the Education Bill, K. A. Campbell.
Selections from Martha—Ins. Duet, Misses Ellen McDonald and Sallie Blue.
La Charite—Miss Maggie Ferguson.
Speech—Concentration of Energies, (compiled), A. Jones.
Welcome to Spring—Ins. Trio, Misses Sinclair, McIver and Rinaldi.
Speech—Inconsistencies, (original), J. W. Graham.
Ring the Bell Softly—Chorus. Dexter Smith.
Speech—Native Metal, (original), D. M. McIver.
Gallop di Bravura—Miss Maggie Arnold.
Speech—Female Influence,(original), M. D. McNeill.
La Jota Aragonesa—Miss Bella Campbell.
Class Recitation.

The pupils are to be especially commended for their marked order, system, grace and ease in every rendition. The instrumental music as well as art work reflected the skill and pains-taking of that capital instructress Miss E. L. Merrill, of Walcott, N. Y. The speeches of the young men bore the evidence of training, both in matter and manner. The last three speeches (original) were not trash.

MILITARY DRILL.

The military feature of the school was exhibited at 1:30. The cadets handled their pieces nimbly and bore themselves gracefully and orderly with Capt. Dunlap in command.

CALESTHENIC DRILL.

At 4:40 the class in Calesthenics was ushered upon the stage, and the crowning and most entertaining event by the pupils took place. This exercise fairly rivals similar exercises in our female colleges.

DELIVERY OF PRIZES.

Prof. Kelly announced that two prizes would be awarded. One to the most successful declaimer on the programme, the other to him who had made the greatest improvement in declamation during the session. The first was awarded to Mr. D. M. McIver, the second to Master Duncan McNeill, by Rev. W. S. Lacy.

COL. MARTIN'S ADDRESS.

At 3 P. M. Prof. Kelly, in a few very appropriate remarks, introduced Col. W. J. Martin, of Davidson College, as the annual speaker, who, after a few happy allusions, announced his subject; "Take time to get your Education!"

He said that education must be received in a broad sense, and that the American people were in too much of hurry to be properly educated. They travel too fast; they become bored with everything requiring time; they are most saving with time, and lose more than any other people.

The distinct marks of high civilization are the increased use of skilled labor—he dwelt at some length upon this point, and showed that brain was superior to brawn in the theatres of manual labor.

But skill in mental as well as manual avocation must be supplied by a technical training, for there are plenty of men ever so intelligent who are not able to conduct an ordinary affair. First lay a broad foundation, then concentrate your energies for a special pursuit. Do not set up in business before your mind is able to think with all its faculties. Every avocation has pretenders seeking work they cannot do, which not only illustrates the dishonesty, but failure of our hurry in educating.

Skill is in demand above supply, so take plenty of time and do not take low views of your calling. He then mentioned in a general way the relative extent to which the preparation of some of our professions should reach and emphasized the opinion that the clergy needed the most general intelligence.

A fallacy of our schools in allowing too much option to pupils in selecting their studies (and neglecting those studies, which do not point directly to their profession for they should give special attention to that,) which they will not need in after life.

The popular idea that education unfits for humble labor is false, for the North proves the fact, where educated men are found in every theatre of labor.

People are learning that education is not complete without the classics.

He then spoke of the deplorable condition of our common schools and that there is no remedy without better teachers and more required of them. And finally, that he who is thoroughly prepared can reach the goal in half the time now usually required.

The Colonel is not an orator, but is a very forcible, entertaining speaker, and is well known in his State and county as a very safe, practical and distinguished educator.

After the address, Prof. Kelly arose and thanked the audience, and thus ended the tenth year of this prosperous and highly favored school.

Jonesboro High School.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OBSERVER.]

MR. EDITOR:—The closing exercises of this flourishing school took place on Wednesday, the 23th of May. A fine audience assembled in the elegant, spacious, new Methodist church, to hear the annual sermod. It was preached by Rev. J. H. Gwinn, of Rockingham. Its subject was Methodism and Education. It was conceived in the happiest style of oratory, and delivered in an easy, fluent and pleasant manner. The Rev. Divine traced in beautiful and apposite language the influence of education upon the establishment and progress of Methodism in the world—led by its founder, one of the profoundest and most elegant scholars of his generation, and the greatest organizer of modern times.

At times the orator rose to the grandest heights of impassioned oratory, and always sustained himself to the great pleasure and delight of the cultivated audience.

This sermon was also the opening sermon of the Fayetteville District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, that convened in Jonesboro, at 9 o'clock, Wednesday morning. It was presided over by Rev. J. A. Cunninggim, the Presiding Elder of this District, and attended by a large number of the ministers and laymen of the District. H. Claywall, of Rockingham, was secretary.

At night an immense audience crowded the Academy of the High School. On the stage were many members of the District Conference and others. The audience were entertained according to the programme given below, with music, poetry, recitations, dialogues, &c.

In the midst of the exercises Prof. Doub announced that intelligence had just reached here that a former pupil of the institution had been awarded the medal for Junior Mathematics at the University, the second within three years in which a pupil of the institution had carried off this medal.

The session of the Jonesboro High School, we learn, has been successful, and we are informed that its prospects for the coming session are very flattering.

Let me add that the Methodists of the place have just completed one of the neatest, most tasty and best arranged churches in the State. It was first used for the opening sermon by Mr. Gwinn.

PROGRAMME.

Music—Duett: King's Hussars, Mrs Doub and Laura Doub.
The Modern Girl—Master Abe L Kelly.
The Little Pilgrims—Misses Addie McBuie, Elva Bryan, Addie Carroll.
Close of the Session—Miss Pearl Murchison.
Recitation—The Geysers of California, Miss Ella A Smith.
Never Say Fail—Master Marion P Campbell.
My Life—Miss Mollie Stuart.
Music—Duett: March from Norma, Miss Mary Boroughs and Mrs Doub.
Nebuchadnezzar—Master Charlie P Cole.
The Water Wheel—Miss Cora Hunt.
The Cotton Gin—Master Worthy McDonald.
The Boy at the Dyke—Miss Nannie K Bryan.
Medical Drunkards—Master Jno Walter Kelly.
The Summer Rain—Miss Nannie H Campbell.
Song—What Care I? Miss Agnes D Doub
The Clouds—Miss S Annie M Thomas.
Customs and Fashions—Master Murdoch M Murchison.
Bye and Bye, and Never—Miss Mattie Harrington.
Entertaining Her Sister's Beau—Miss M Lizzie Cole.
Speech—Industry: Mr B M Morelin.
Both Sides of the House—Master Cyrus C Bryan, Miss Eva V Bryan.
Music—Selection from Lucrezia Borgia: Mrs Doub and Miss Minerva Thompson.
Speech—"Hold your Holt": Mr A H Marks.
Brother Worry and Sister Fret—Mr Rob't Blackman.
He Knows—Miss Anna S Kemp.
The Father's Complaint—Miss Lillie E Smith.
Napoleon and Washington—Mr Willie S Kemp.
A Harp of a Thousand Strings—Mr Robert E McIver.
Practical Sermon for Young Men—Mr J Turner Farrish.
Music—Song: Birds Awakening, Miss Fannie Avent and others.
Yosemite Falls—Miss Minnie M Robertson.
Centennial Ovation—Mr G Leslie Norment.
Being A Boy—Mr Selden B Jones.
John Wesley—Mr F H Doub.
Dialogue—A Lesson in History: Mr G L Norment, Rob't E McIver and Miss Rebekah Doub.
Speech—If the Heart be Right, The Life is Happy: Mr B Willie Arnold.
Religion—The True Superior to the False: Mr W P Kendall.
Music—Duett: Old Folks at Home, Mrs and Miss Doub.
The Dude—Messrs P Dalrymple and Selden Jones.
Local Association— Mr Joseph C Shepherd.
Dialogue—The First Quarterly Conference: Mr Malcolm Arnold and others.
Susanah Wesley—Miss Rebekah Doub.
Music—Song: Only a Pansy Blossom, Misses Fannie Avent and L Doub.
The Methodism of a Hundred Years, A Providential Development—Mr Malcom H Arnold.
Dialogue—Willie Arnold and P Dalrymple.
Music—Song: There's No Place Like Home, Mr Malcom H Arnold.
Selina, Countess of Huntington----Miss Anna Barnes.
Music----Solo: Lorena, Miss Laura G Doub.

Ways and Walks of North Carolinians.

We are glad to see, says the Wilmington *Review*, that Mr. Eugene Wiggins has so far recovered from his recent severe injuries as to be able to walk on the street again, unaided. He is on his crutches yet, of course, but hopes to dispense with them in a few days.

On the 16th of this month as Mr. J. W. Goodwin, of this county, says the Chatham *Record*, was traveling from Asheville to Lenoir he saw two large eagles near the road devouring a lamb. Having a pistol with him he slipped up to within twenty steps of them and shot the largest one, which weighed 85 pounds and measured 8½ feet from tip to tip.

Mr. Noah Kimel, of Arcadia township, Davidson county, is the "boss" farmer in his neighborhood, says the Salem correspondent of the Charlotte *Observer*. He recently sold a pig, a few days over two months old, that weighed 67 pounds. Mr. Kimel says he expects to harvest wheat this year that will turn out fifty bushels to the acre. Mr. Kimel didn't "go west" when he was a young man, but stayed at home and kept up the old farm, and is now reaping the benefits. He farms but very little ground, but what he does attend is "done right."

The miller at Glenn's Mill, Mr. Elisha McDanald, says the Carthage *Gazette*, was a few days since grinding, and two or three other persons were in the mill, and they and Mr. McDanald were proposing to swap watches. Mr. McDanald, had a heavy case silver watch and handed it to some of them to examine, they handed it back to him, and he went to fill up a sack of meal for an old darkey. A few hours after Mr. McDanald missed his watch, and thought some of the crowd had taken it. So he took out a search warrant and searched some of their houses, but discovered no trace of the watch. That night he dreamed that the watch was in the old darkey's sack of meal that he had filled, and so next morning he searched through the meal and to his own surprise found it. It was still running.

The Asheville Club, says the *Citizen* of that town, has recently removed to its new quarters over the Asheville Bank; and though all the interior arrangements and adornments of the room are not quite perfected, the Club, or its individual members, have dropped quiety and easily into the use and enjoyment of what is ready.

We have not enough familiarity with club rooms of this or other States to institute comparison. We cannot knowingly say that the Asheville Club has the most elegant room in the State. This we can say, that the club is in most elegant quarters, and large honor is due to the liberality which provided for the equipment of the room and the good taste and good judgment which presided in the arrangements.

The room is 95 feet in length with a width of 25 feet, and a height of 15. It is divided into three compartments by archways under which are suspended heavy curtains of rich material, hung on rods so as to convert the one large room into three apartments if necessary. The main room fronts on the street. This is the sitting or reading room. A handsome carpet covers the floor, tables for writing or for books and periodicals stand in convenient position, luxurious chairs stand around in careless array, handsome frames enclosing fine prints adorn the walls. These walls are richly papered in three divisions, the dado, the main body and a rich and beautiful frieze. Each compartment has papering of different color. The middle compartment is the billiard room, in which there are two tables. A dais runs down both sides of this room for the convenience of spectators. As betting or gambling of any kind is rigidly excluded by the rules of the Club, no anxiety for the morals of the members or visitors need be felt; and the same may be said of the next compartment, the card room, where quiet old gentlemen solace themselves with an innocent rubber of whist.

The other arrangements of the rooms are perfect in relation to lights, water, &c., water being introduced by pipes from the street main. At night the rooms are brilliant from chandeliers suspended in each of the several compartments.

We spoke some months ago of the value of such a resort as the Club room is to strangers; a place to which they may resort, after due introduction, to read or to write; or where they may be brought into contact with the leading men of Asheville with mutual pleasure and advantage. It is interesting to observe how largely this privilege is used and to note the wide representation of States and nationalities that may be found recorded in the register. A few days since, we ran over the pages for the last fortnight. There we found two recorded from England, one from Germany, one from Canada, and numerous entries from Boston, New York, from all parts of New England, from Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, Iowa, Wisconsin, New Orleans, Charleston, Florida, and many other points. In the course of a twelve month it is found that nearly, if not every State in the Union has had representation on the books of the Club. It is thus seen at a glance how useful an institution the Club is, and how strong a bond of union it is between Asheville and the whole of these broad United States, besides forming a link of attachment with many beyond the great waters.

Some fifty, or perhaps sixty years ago, says a correspondent of the Goldsboro *Messenger*, when stores were few and far between, one T. O. Larkins did quite an extensive mercantile business at what was then known as Old South Washington, on the North East river, in Pender county. He bought an immensity of turpentine, his trade extending for twenty miles around, and all his customers had the utmost confidence in him, so noted was he for honesty and fair dealing. A duebill on T. O. Larkins was as good as so much cash anywhere that he was known. By some means a great many of these duebills got in circulation, and all at once the highly respected T. O. Larkins was missing. Some of his creditors in Wilmington sent up and attached his goods, and his country creditors who held his duebills, aggregating a large amount, were left, as they too late suspected, to suffer a dead loss. Some twenty-five or thirty years passed away and with them many of the old creditors of our hero, and still no tidings of the much abused absconder, until there appeared in the Wilmington paper an advertisement in sum and substance as follows: "Returned! Having absconded from my friends and patrons some thirty years ago with many debts hanging over me, and in the meantime having accumulated a fortune sufficient to liquidate them all, I hereby announce that for the next thirty days I can be found at the American Hotel, in this city, where I insist that all my creditors come to see me and get their money with interest. T. O. Larkins." It is said that he remained in Wilmington until he had amicably settled every debt that he owed. An uncle of the writer, who held a duebill against him for thirty dollars, got eighty some odd dollars. Larkins gave as an explanation of his mysterious departure the fact that he suddenly found himself overwhelmed with debts, and too badly embarrassed, financially, to liquidate them. He made up his mind that the easier plan of relieving himself of the difficulty was to leave for parts unknown, there to stay until he could amass an amount of money sufficient to return, pay off all his indebtedness, and reclaim his character. California was the scene of his labors, and after thirty years persistent efforts he accomplished his purpose, as above recorded. He died in the far west several years ago, a wealthy and highly honored citizen.

The Best Filter.

The Japanese use a porous sandstone hollowed in the shape of an egg, through which the water percolates into a receptacle underneath; the Egyptians resort to a similar device; the Spaniards use a porous earthen pot. But these and other similar contrivances can not be thoroughly cleansed; after the most thorough rinsing, some impurities will remain in the pores of the stone. Spongy iron and carferal are open to the same objection; they will answer well for a short time, but soon become contaminated by pollution retained in their pores. Sponge, cloth, and felt, unless cleaned every day or two with hot water, will do more harm than good, and the average servant-girl will not clean them or any other filter unless under the eye of her mistress.

The various forms of filters that are screwed to the faucet have only to be hastily examined to be discarded, as there is not sufficient filtering material in them to be of much utility, and they very soon become foul and offensive. Buck says, "There is no material known which can be introduced into the small space of a tap-filter and accomplish any real purification of the water which passes through at the ordinary rate of flow."

The various complicated closed filters, filled with any material which can not be removed for cleansing, condemn themselves. No amount of pumping water through them at different angles, which is at all likely to be used, can cleanse them of the impurities that adhear to the mass and in the pores of the filtering material used. Parkes, in his "Manual of Practical Hygiene," says "Filters, where the material is cemented up and can not be removed, ought to be abandoned altogether."

The various metal filters in which the water comes in contact with metallic surfaces, either iron, lead, tinned iron, or zinc, are objectionable from their appreciable influence upon the water retained in them for any considerable time. Pure block-tin is the least objectionable of any of the metals.

The aim of most filters is to remove impurities from the water speedily—as rapidly as it escapes from the faucet. Experiment shows that effective filteration can not be accomplished in this way, as the water does not remain long enough in contact with the filtering material used to become purified of much that might be removed by slow filteration or percolation through the same appliance. Of all the filtering materials mentioned, it seems to me that sand and charcoal are the two that accomplish the best results, and of these vegetable charcoal is the best.—*From "Clean Drinking-Water," by Edwin J. Howe, M .D., in Popular Science Monthly for June.*

FAMOUS WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENTS.—It is wonderful how many Washington correspondents have become noted. There is hardly a leading newspaperman in the country who has not served a term here. James Gordon Bennett, who founded the *Herald*, was a correspondent here before that, and he wrote the first gossipy letters ever written from Washington. Carl Schurz, who has just refused a present of $100,000, was once a Washington correspondent, writing letters for the New York *Tribune*. Villard, the railroad millionaire who lately failed, was a newsgatherer here, and Mark Twain commenced his Eastern career by writing letters at Washington for the *Alta California*. He wrote his "Innocents Abroad" in a dingy little room on Indian avenue, and this made him his first great start. Thirty tons of paper were used in printing the book and it sold for from $3 to $5 a volume. Mark Twain got half. Whitelaw Reid, now editor of the New York *Tribune*, was once employed as a Washington correspondent, and I think he came here from Ohio, where he started out as a reporter in the Ohio Legislature at a salary of $5 a week.—*Washington Letter.*

YORK IN ASHE AND WATAUGA.—We have just returned from an extended trip through the counties of Watauga and Ashe, says the Lenoir *Topic*, and our political impressions are derived from the sentiments we heard expressed by the mountain people. As has been stated before in these columns, the Republican ticket, headed by York for Governor, is considered over there to be a weak affair. We found that a reaction had set in since the election of 1882, and that York would not have been such a hard man to beat for Congress. Many Democrats who voted for him upon personal grounds and because he announced from the stump that he was as good a Democrat as he had ever been, have signified their intention of never voting for him again since he had removed the mask and, Mahone-like, openly declared himself to be a Republican.

CUMBERLAND COTTON THE BEST.—The cotton manufacturers of Randleman and Noami, says the Gereensboro *Patriot*, pronounce the Cumberland county cotton superior to any they have yet worked up, and they expect in the future to buy the most of their stock from that section.

COX'S

Cotton Planter.

The Best Cotton Planter SOLD!

I HAVE the Agency for this PLANTER in this market, and offer it at

Factory Prices.

Every PLANTER guaranteed to please or money refunded.
Call and examine before buying elsewhere.
R. M. NIMOCKS.
April 2, 1884. 61tf

Merchant Mills.

The Old Reliable again to the Front!

IN STOCK and to arrive, all kinds of GRAIN. With a double set of Burrs I am able to turn out a large quantity of Meal per day and can thus offer special inducements to buyers of Ground Stuff.
Flouring Mill in first-class order.
Feed Meal—corn, peas and oats—Cracked Corn and Oats, Bran, &c., a specialty.
Bolted Meal, same price as unbolted.
THE PLACE to get your Wool Carded or Cotton Ginned. JAS. D. McNEILL.
Fayetteville, April 23,'1884. 64-1y

L. S. L.

Capital Prize, $150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. *It never scales or postpones.* Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly
AND THE
EXTRAORDINARY SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING
In the Academy of Music, New Orleans,
Tuesday, June 17, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000.

Notice.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$150 000	$150,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	50.000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	20.000	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES OF	5 000	20,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000	25,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1,000 "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of	$200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10 000
100 " "	75	7,500
2,279 Prizes amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

POSTAL NOTES and ordinary letters by Mail or Express (all sums of $5 and upwards by Express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.
May 15, 1884. 67-5t

FOR SALE.

MY River place in Flea Hill Township about four miles from Fayetteville, containing 463 acres. 200 acres cleared and in cultivation; 200 acres wood land; 63 acres uncleared swamp land Will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers and on favorable terms. Apply to me or to N. W. RAY. J. M. SMITH, of Eutaw.
March 26, 1884. 60-3m

Lumber! Lumber! Lumber!

I AM NOW READY TO FILL ORDERS for Lumber in any quantity, size or shape, cut from the very best of timber.
Orders left with Walter Watson, my agent Fayetteville, will have prompt attention.
JAMES D. WORRELL.
Jan. 30, 1884.

Fayetteville Hardware and Supply House.

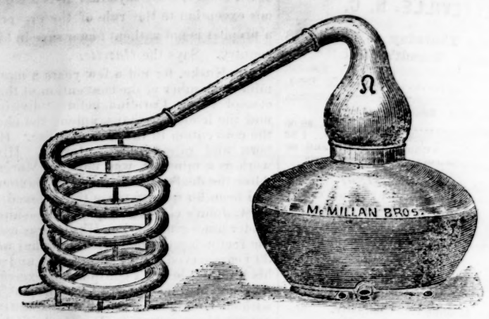
WALTER WATSON.

BOILER IRON cut any size and holes drilled for patching; Patch and Stay Bolts any size; Tools for patching boilers, &c.
Steam Guages and Valves all sizes.
Guage Glasses any length.
Steel all kinds and sizes; American and Swedes Iron any size.
Ropes and Twine; Grindstones and fixtures.
Builders' Hardware—such as Locks, Hinges, &c., &c.
Powder, Shot and Caps.
Gun and Pistol Cartridges.
Guns, Rifles and Pistols from $1 to $100. In fact everything kept in stock that constitutes a first-class Hardware Store.
Breech Loading Gun Cartridges loaded—any size.
☞ Repairing done in all its branches by first-class workmen under the personal superintendence of myself.
WALTER WATSON,
Two doors from the Fayetteville Observer Office.
Aug 30, 1883 30tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

A LARGE LOT of Newspaper exchanges can be had cheap on application at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

STILLS AND STOVES.



WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE LOT OF BOTH

New and Second-hand Stills,

Caps, Arms and Worms, from 10 to 25 bbls. capacity.

A Large Lot of Still Bottoms of many sizes.

As this is about the closing of the season now is the time to prepare for repairing your Stills. Repairing through the country a specialty.

GLUE KETTLES, SKIMMERS & DIPPERS.

Our PRICES THE LOWEST; OUR WORK THE BEST; OUR TERMS THE MOST LIBERAL.

IN COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,

we cordially invite you to an inspection of our stock not merely because we desire you to purchase, but that you may see for yourself the result of years' experience devoted to the pleasing of our patrons We have a large assortment of

TIN TOILET SETS, latest out;

Tin-ware, stamped and pieced; Tin Valleys; Sheet Zinc; Galvanized, Russia and Common Sheet Iron; Stove Pipes of all sizes; Stove Repairs for a large variety of different makes and patterns.
Wise men will do well to have their heating stoves cleaned up and ready for the cold weather.

McMILLAN BROS.
Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 25, 1883. 38tf

W. OVERBY. C. P. OVERBY.

W. OVERBY & SON,
46 South Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.
Saddle & Harness Manufacturers,

The only House in this line in Fayetteville selling exclusively its own work. The Senior partner has conducted this business for over thirty years.
We use good oak tanned leather.
Saddles at all prices. All our work is hand-made and warranted. Everything that is kept in a first-class harness-shop we have. Best Goods at Lowest Prices.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to cure diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needful for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe. Its unparalleled success can be attributed to but one cause: *the entire fulfilment of its promises.*

The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction.

The use for a short time of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER wonderfully improves the personal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not transient, like those of alcoholic preparations, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FOR THE
WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ALL THE FORMS OF
Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Blood Disorders,
the best remedy, because the most searching and thorough blood-purifier, is
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles, $5.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
Keep everything usually found in a
First-Class Grocery.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
April 26, 1883. 12tf

McLEAN & ROBINSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
D. H. McLEAN, Lillington, N. C. | H. McD. ROBINSON, Fayetteville, N. C.
Will practice in the several Courts of the State. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.
June 1, 1883. 16-1y

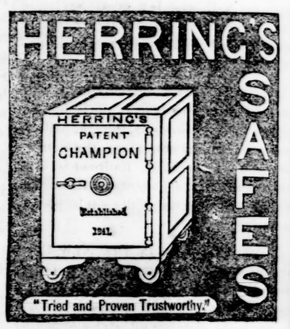
R. S. HUSKE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 2 OLD STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Feb'y 13, 1884. 54tf

ENGINES, SAW MILLS, GINS, &c. &c.

J. S. EVANS & CO.

Have for sale Engines, Boilers, Gins, Cane Mills, Evaporators, Cotton Presses, Belting. Machinery of all kinds ordered at short notice.
JAMES S. EVANS & CO.,
Haigh's old stand, opposite A. B. Williams & Co's, Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct 4, 1883 35tf

HERRING'S SAFES.



HERRING'S SAFES.

THE attention of merchants and others in need of a positively Fire and Burglar Proof Safe is called to the fact that I am still the Agent for Herring's unrivalled Safes. I will sell any styles or sizes at manufacturers' prices, or will trade for old safes.
WALTER WATSON.
Nov 22, 1883 42tf

Fayetteville Bookstore.

WE keep constantly on hand all Books recommended by the State Board—all School Books in general use.
Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books.
Poetical and Miscellaneous Works.
Note, Letter, Legal and Foolscap Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c.
Autograph and Photograph Albums.
Blank Books.
Full and half bound Days and Ledgers of all qualities and prices.
Toy Books, Games, Photograph, Cabinet and Panel Frames, Box Papeteries, Cards and Envelopes to match; Wedding and Birth-day Cards; Chromos, &c. In fact a full assortment of all articles kept in a Bookstore.
G. H. HAIGH.
Nov 8, 1883 40tf

E. J. HALE & SON.
PUBLISHERS,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
66 AND 68 READE STREET, NEW YORK.
INVITE ORDERS FOR
SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS AND STANDARD BOOKS,
and for all kinds of
STAPLE STATIONERY,

Writing Papers—Cap, Letter, Note and other sizes; Blank Books, of all grades; Envelopes of all sizes and colors and qualities; School Slates, best quality, all sizes; Slate and Lead Pencils Pens, Inks, Mucilage, etc., etc.
E. J. HALE & SON.
March 29, 1883. 8tf

TO SPORTSMEN.

I HAVE taken the agency for Laflin & Rand's Orange Rifle and Ducking Powder.
A full stock of all the different grades kept constantly on hand.
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